

www.ti.com

Dual 1:2 Low Additive Jitter LVDS Buffer

Check for Samples: CDCLVD2102

FEATURES

- Dual 1:2 Differential Buffer
- Low Additive Jitter <300 fs RMS in 10-kHz to 20-MHz
- Low Within Bank Output Skew of 15 ps (Max)
- Universal Inputs Accept LVDS, LVPECL, LVCMOS
- One Input Dedicated for Two Outputs
- Total of 4 LVDS Outputs, ANSI EIA/TIA-644A Standard Compatible
- Clock Frequency up to 800 MHz
- 2.375–2.625V Device Power Supply
- LVDS Reference Voltage, V_{AC_REF}, Available for Capacitive Coupled Inputs
- Industrial Temperature Range –40°C to 85°C
- Packaged in 3mm × 3mm 16-Pin QFN (RGT)
- ESD Protection Exceeds 3 kV HBM, 1 kV CDM

APPLICATIONS

- Telecommunications/Networking
- Medical Imaging
- Test and Measurement Equipment
- Wireless Communications
- General Purpose Clocking

DESCRIPTION

The CDCLVD2102 clock buffer distributes two clock inputs (IN0, IN1) to a total of 4 pairs of differential LVDS clock outputs (OUT0, OUT3). Each buffer block consists of one input and 2 LVDS outputs. The inputs can either be LVDS, LVPECL, or LVCMOS.

The CDCLVD2102 is specifically designed for driving 50- Ω transmission lines. If driving the inputs in single ended mode, the appropriate bias voltage (V_{AC_REF}) should be applied to the unused negative input pin.

Using the control pin (EN), outputs can be either disabled or enabled. If the EN pin is left open two buffers with all outputs are enabled, if switched to a logical "0" both buffers with all outputs are disabled (static logical "0"), if switched to a logical "1", one buffer with two outputs is disabled and another buffer with two outputs is enabled. The part supports a fail safe function. It incorporates an input hysteresis, which prevents random oscillation of the outputs in absence of an input signal.

The device operates in 2.5V supply environment and is characterized from -40° C to 85° C (ambient temperature). The CDCLVD2102 is packaged in small 16-pin, 3-mm × 3-mm QFN package.

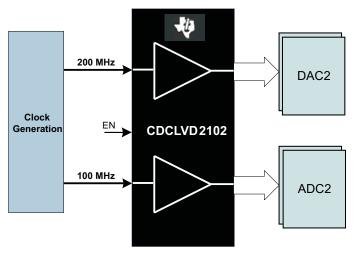


Figure 1. Application Example

53

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

CDCLVD2102

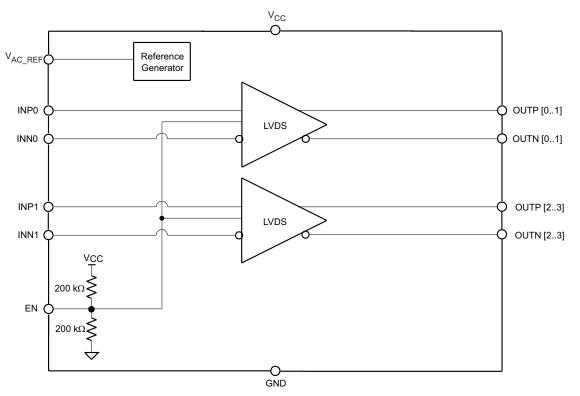


SCAS904A - MAY 2010 - REVISED JUNE 2010

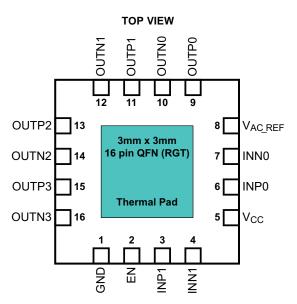
www.ti.com



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.







2 Submit Documentation Feedback

www.ti.com

PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.							
VCC	5	Power	2.5V supplies for the device					
GND	1	Ground	Device ground					
INP0, INN0	6, 7	Input	Differential input pair or single ended	or single ended input				
INP1, INN1	3, 4	Input	Differential redundant input pair or sir	gle ended input				
V _{AC_REF}	8	Output	Bias voltage output for capacitive cou use a 0.1µF to GND on this pin	pled inputs. If used, it is recommended				
OUTP0, OUTN0	9, 10	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 0					
OUTP1, OUTN1	11, 12	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 1	INP0/INN0 is the input				
OUTP2, OUTN2	13, 14	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 2					
OUTP3, OUTN3	15, 16	Output	Differential LVDS output pair no. 3	INP1/INN1 is the input				
EN	2	Input with internal 200kΩ pull-up and pull-down	Control pin – enables or disables the	utputs, (See Table 1)				
Thermal Pad			See thermal management recommen	dations				

Table 1. Output Control Table

EN	CLOCK OUTPUTS						
0	0 All outputs disabled (static "0")						
OPEN All outputs enabled							
1 OUT0, OUT1 enabled and OUT2, OUT3 disabled (static "0")							

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

	VALUE / UNIT
Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	–0.3 to 2.8 V
Input voltage, V _I	-0.2 to (V _{CC} + 0.2) V
Output voltage range, V _O	-0.2 to (V _{CC} + 0.2) V
Driver short circuit current, I _{OSD}	See Note ⁽²⁾
Electrostatic discharge (HBM, 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF)	>3000 V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The outputs can handle permanent short.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Device supply voltage, V _{CC}	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
Ambient temperature, T _A	-40		85	oC

THERMAL INFORMATION

		CDCLVD2102	
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	RGT	UNITS
		16 PINS	
θ_{JA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	51.3	
$\theta_{\text{JC(top)}}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	85.4	
θ_{JB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	20.1	°C/W
ΨJT	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	1.3	C/W
Ψјв	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	19.4	
$\theta_{\text{JC(bottom)}}$	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance	6	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

At V_{CC} = 2.375 V to 2.625 V and T_A = -40°C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
EN PIN INF	PUT CHARACTERISTICS				¹	
Vd _{I3}	3-State	Open		$0.5 \times V_{CC}$		V
Vd _{IH}	Input high voltage		$0.7 \times V_{CC}$			V
Vd _{IL}	Input low voltage				$0.2 \times V_{CC}$	V
Id _{IH}	Input high current	$V_{CC} = 2.625 \text{ V}, V_{IH} = 2.625 \text{ V}$			30	μA
Id _{IL}	Input low current	V _{CC} = 2.625 V, V _{IL} = 0 V			-30	μA
R _{pull(EN)}	Input pull-up/ pull-down resistor			200		kΩ
	OS (see Figure 7) INPUT CHARACTER	ISTICS			·	
f _{IN}	Input frequency				200	MHz
V _{th}	Input threshold voltage	External threshold voltage applied to complementary input	1.1		1.5	V
V _{IH}	Input high voltage		V _{th} + 0.1		V _{CC}	V
V _{IL}	Input low voltage		0		$V_{th} - 0.1$	V
I _{IH}	Input high current	$V_{CC} = 2.625 \text{ V}, V_{IH} = 2.625 \text{ V}$			10	μA
IIL	Input low current	$V_{CC} = 2.625 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$			-10	μA
$\Delta V / \Delta T$	Input edge rate	20% - 80%	1.5			V/ns
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			2.5		pF
DIFFEREN	TIAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				·	
f _{IN}	Input frequency	Clock input			800	MHz
V _{IN, DIFF}	Differential input voltage peak-to-peak	V _{ICM} = 1.25 V	0.3		1.6	V_{P-P}
VICM	Input common-mode voltage range	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP} > 0.4V$	1		V _{CC} – 0.3	V
I _{IH}	Input high current	$V_{CC} = 2.625 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IH} = 2.625 \text{ V}$			10	μA
IIL	Input low current	V _{CC} = 2.625 V, V _{IL} = 0 V			-10	μA
$\Delta V / \Delta T$	Input edge rate	20% to 80%	0.75			V/ns
C _{IN}	Input capacitance			2.5		pF



www.ti.com

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: (continued)

At V_{CC} = 2.375 V to 2.625 V and T_A = -40° C to 85°C (unless otherwise noted).

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
LVDS OUT	PUT CHARACTERISTICS	· · · · ·				
V _{OD}	Differential output voltage magnitude		250		450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in differential output voltage magnitude	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP} = 0.3 V, R_L = 100 \Omega$	-15		15	mV
V _{OC(SS)}	Steady-state common mode output voltage		1.1		1.375	V
$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$	Steady-state common mode output voltage	$V_{\text{IN, DIFF, PP}} = 0.6 \text{ V,R}_{\text{L}} = 100 \Omega$	-15		15	mV
V _{ring}	Output overshoot and undershoot	Percentage of output amplitude V_{OD}			10%	
V _{OS}	Output ac common mode	$V_{\text{IN, DIFF, PP}} = 0.6 \text{ V, } \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 100 \ \Omega$		25	70	mV_{PP}
I _{OS}	Short-circuit output current	$V_{OD} = 0 V$			±24	mA
t _{PD}	Propagation delay	$V_{IN, DIFF, PP} = 0.3 V$		1.5	2.5	ns
t _{SK, PP}	Part-to-part skew				600	ps
t _{SK, O_WB}	Within bank output skew				15	ps
t _{SK,O_BB}	Bank-to-bank output skew	Both inputs are phase aligned			100	ps
t _{SK,P}	Pulse skew(with 50% duty cycle input)	Crossing-point-to-crossing-point distortion	-50		50	ps
t _{RJIT}	Random additive jitter (with 50% duty cycle input)	Edge speed = 0.75V/ns, 10 kHz – 20 MHz			0.3	ps, RMS
t _R /t _F	Output rise/fall time	20% to 80%,100 Ω, 5 pF	50		300	ps
I _{CCSTAT}	Static supply current	Outputs unterminated, f = 0 Hz		27	45	mA
I _{CC100}	Supply current	All outputs enabled, $R_L = 100 \Omega$, f = 100 MHz		49	77	mA
		All outputs enabled, $R_L = 100 \Omega$, f = 800 MHz		76	106	mA
V _{AC_REF} CH	ARACTERISTICS					
V _{AC_REF}	Reference output voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{\text{load}} = 100 \mu\text{A}$	1.1	1.25	1.35	V

6

	PARAMETER	MIN TYP MA	X UNIT
phn ₁₀₀	Phase noise at 100 Hz offset	-132.9	dBc/Hz
phn _{1k}	Phase noise at 1 kHz offset	-138.8	dBc/Hz
phn _{10k}	Phase noise at 10 kHz offset	-147.4	dBc/Hz
phn _{100k}	Phase noise at 100 kHz offset	-153.6	dBc/Hz
phn _{1M}	Phase noise at 1 MHz offset	-155.2	dBc/Hz
phn _{10M}	Phase noise at 10 MHz offset	-156.2	dBc/Hz
phn _{20M}	Phase noise at 20 MHz offset	-156.6	dBc/Hz
t _{RJIT}	Random additive jitter from 10 kHz to 20 MHz	171	fs, RMS

Typical Additive Phase Noise Characteristics for 737.27 MHz Clock

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
phn ₁₀₀	Phase noise at 100 Hz offset		-80.2		dBc/Hz
phn _{1k}	Phase noise at 1 kHz offset		-114.3		dBc/Hz
phn _{10k}	Phase noise at 10 kHz offset		-138		dBc/Hz
phn _{100k}	Phase noise at 100 kHz offset		-143.9		dBc/Hz
phn _{1M}	Phase noise at 1 MHz offset		-145.2		dBc/Hz
phn _{10M}	Phase noise at 10 MHz offset		-146.5		dBc/Hz
phn _{20M}	Phase noise at 20 MHz offset		-146.6		dBc/Hz
t _{RJIT}	Random additive jitter from 10 kHz to 20 MHz		65		fs, RMS

Typical Additive Phase Noise Characteristics for 100 MHz Clock

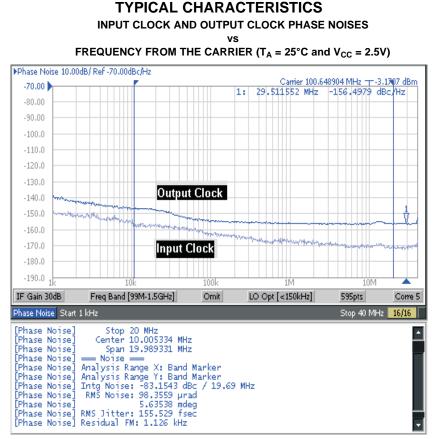


www.ti.com

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

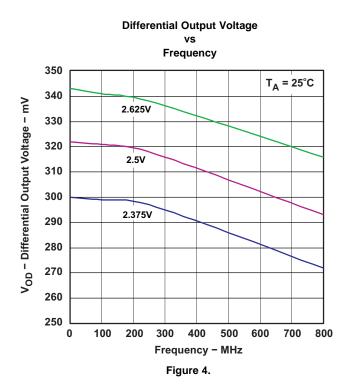
SCAS904A-MAY 2010-REVISED JUNE 2010

www.ti.com



Input clock jitter is 32 fs from 10 kHz to 20 MHz and additive RMS jitter is 152 fs







www.ti.com

TEST CONFIGURATIONS

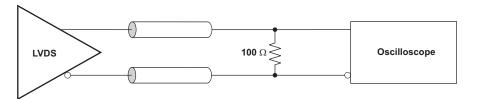


Figure 5. LVDS Output DC Configuration During Device Test

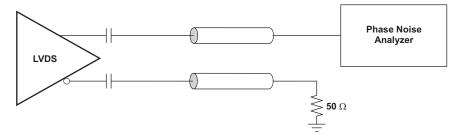


Figure 6. LVDS Output AC Configuration During Device Test

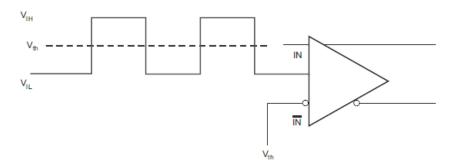


Figure 7. DC Coupled LVCMOS Input During Device Test

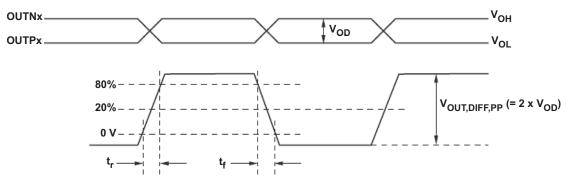


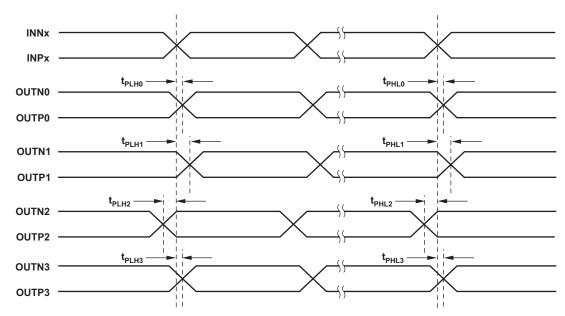
Figure 8. Output Voltage and Rise/Fall Time

CDCLVD2102

SCAS904A-MAY 2010-REVISED JUNE 2010

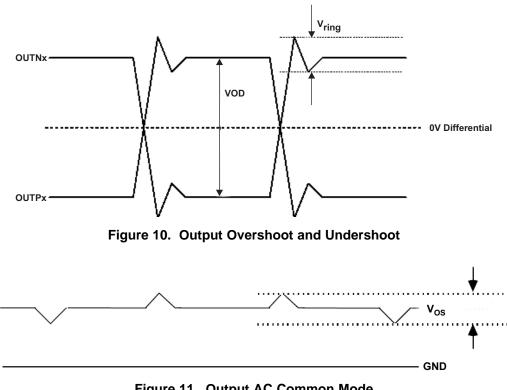


www.ti.com



- Α. Output skew is calculated as the greater of the following: As the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PLHn} or the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PHLn} (n = 0, 1, 2, 3).
- Part-to-part skew is calculated as the greater of the following: As the difference between the fastest and the slowest В. t_{PLHn} or the difference between the fastest and the slowest t_{PHLn} across multiple devices (n = 0, 1, 2, 3).
- C. Both inputs (IN0 and IN1) are phase aligned.







9

APPLICATION INFORMATION

THERMAL MANAGEMENT

For reliability and performance reasons, the die temperature should be limited to a maximum of 125°C.

The device package has an exposed pad that provides the primary heat removal path to the printed circuit board (PCB). To maximize the heat dissipation from the package, a thermal landing pattern including multiple vias to a ground plane must be incorporated into the PCB within the footprint of the package. The Thermal Pad must be soldered down to ensure adequate heat conduction to of the package. Figure 12 shows a recommended land and via pattern.

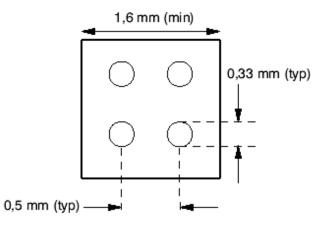


Figure 12. Recommended PCB Layout

POWER-SUPPLY FILTERING

High-performance clock buffers are sensitive to noise on the power supply, which can dramatically increase the additive jitter of the buffer. Thus, it is essential to reduce noise from the system power supply, especially when jitter/phase noise is critical to applications.

Filter capacitors are used to eliminate the low-frequency noise from the power supply, where the bypass capacitors provide the very low impedance path for high-frequency noise and guard the power-supply system against the induced fluctuations. These bypass capacitors also provide instantaneous current surges as required by the device and should have low equivalent series resistance (ESR). To properly use the bypass capacitors, they must be placed very close to the power-supply pins and laid out with short loops to minimize inductance. It is recommended to add as many high-frequency (for example, 0.1 μ F) bypass capacitors as there are supply pins in the package. It is recommended, but not required, to insert a ferrite bead between the board power supply and the chip power supply that isolates the high-frequency switching noises generated by the clock driver; these beads prevent the switching noise from leaking into the board supply. Choose an appropriate ferrite bead with very low dc resistance because it is imperative to provide adequate isolation between the board supply and the chip supply, as well as to maintain a voltage at the supply pins that is greater than the minimum voltage required for proper operation.

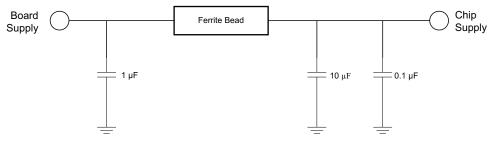


Figure 13. Power-Supply Decoupling



www.ti.com

LVDS OUTPUT TERMINATION

The proper LVDS termination for signal integrity over two 50 Ω lines is 100 Ω between the outputs on the receiver end. Either dc-coupled termination or ac-coupled termination can be used for LVDS outputs. It is recommended to place termination resister close to the receiver. If the receiver is internally biased to a voltage different than the output common mode voltage of the CDCLVD2102, ac-coupling should be used. If the LVDS receiver has internal 100 ohm termination, external termination must be omitted.

Unused outputs can be left open without connecting any trace to the output pins.

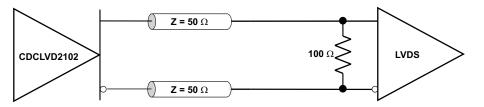


Figure 14. Output DC Termination

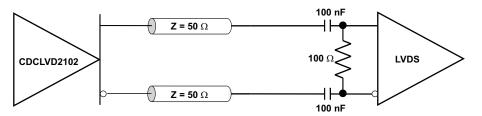


Figure 15. Output AC Termination With Receiver Internally Biased

INPUT TERMINATION

The CDCLVD2102 inputs can be interfaced with LVDS, LVPECL, or LVCMOS drivers.

LVDS Driver can be connected to CDCLVD2102 inputs with dc or ac coupling as shown Figure 16 and Figure 17, respectively.

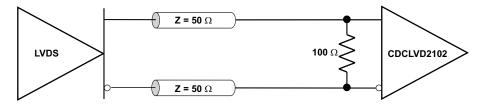
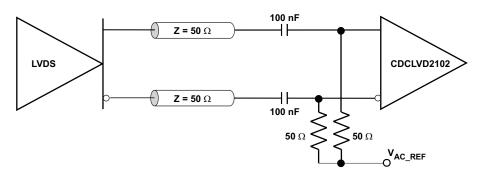


Figure 16. LVDS Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2102 Input (DC Coupled)





CDCLVD2102

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

SCAS904A-MAY 2010-REVISED JUNE 2010

Figure 18 shows how to connect LVPECL inputs to the CDCLVD2102. The series resistors are required to reduce the LVPECL signal swing if the signal swing is >1.6 V_{PP} .

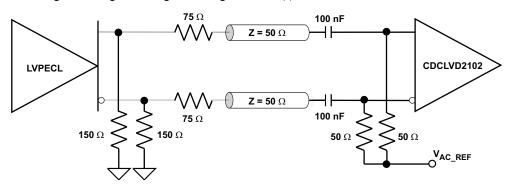


Figure 18. LVPECL Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2102 Input

Figure 19 illustrates how to couple a 2.5 V LVCMOS clock input to the CDCLVD2102 directly. The series resistance (R_S) should be placed close to the LVCMOS driver if needed. 3.3 V LVCMOS clock input swing needs to be limited to $V_{IH} \leq V_{CC}$.

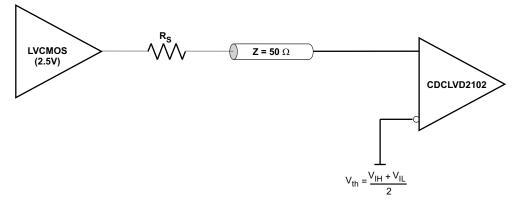


Figure 19. 2.5V LVCMOS Clock Driver Connected to CDCLVD2102 Input

If one of the buffers is used, then the other unused buffer should be disabled through the EN pin, and the unused input pins should be grounded by $1k\Omega$ resistors.

CDCLVD2102

SCAS904A - MAY 2010 - REVISED JUNE 2010

www.ti.com

EXAS

NSTRUMENTS

REVISION HISTORY

Changes from Original (May 2010) to Revision A

•	Changed Features bullet From: ESD Protection Exceeds 2kV HBM, 500V CDM To: ESD Protection Exceeds 3 kV HBM, 1 kV CDM	. 1
•	Electrostatic discharge was <2000	3
•	ΔV_{OD} values, MIN was-50, MAX was 50	5
•	V _{OC(SS)} MIN value was 1.125	5
•	$\Delta V_{OC(SS)}$ values, MIN was-50, MAX was 50	5
•	V _{ring} MAX value was 20%	5
	V _{os} values, TYP was 30, MAX was 100	
•	t _{PD} MAX value was 2	5
•	t _{SK, PP} - deleted the TYP value of 300	5
•	t _R /t _F MIN value was 200	5
•	I _{CCSTAT} MAX value was 42	5
•	Added new paragraph following Figure 19	12



10-Dec-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
CDCLVD2102RGTR	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGT	16	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D2102	Samples
CDCLVD2102RGTT	ACTIVE	VQFN	RGT	16	250	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	D2102	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <= 1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <= 1000ppm threshold requirement.

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

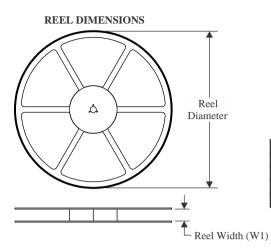


PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020



TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



1	*All dimensions are nominal												
	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
	CDCLVD2102RGTR	VQFN	RGT	16	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

5-Nov-2024



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
CDCLVD2102RGTR	VQFN	RGT	16	3000	350.0	350.0	43.0

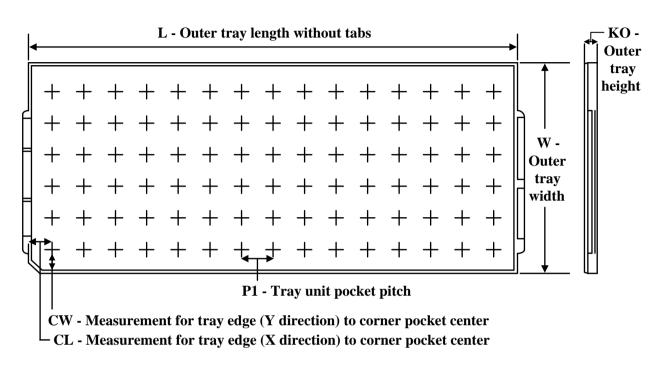
Texas **INSTRUMENTS**

www.ti.com

TRAY



PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION



Chamfer on Tray corner indicates Pin 1 orientation of packed units.

*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	Unit array matrix	Max temperature (°C)	L (mm)	W (mm)	K0 (µm)	P1 (mm)	CL (mm)	CW (mm)
CDCLVD2102RGTR	RGT	VQFN	16	3000	35 X 14	150	315	135.9	7620	8.8	7.9	8.15
CDCLVD2102RGTT	RGT	VQFN	16	250	35 X 14	150	315	135.9	7620	8.8	7.9	8.15

5-Nov-2024

GENERIC PACKAGE VIEW

VQFN - 1 mm max height PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



Images above are just a representation of the package family, actual package may vary. Refer to the product data sheet for package details.



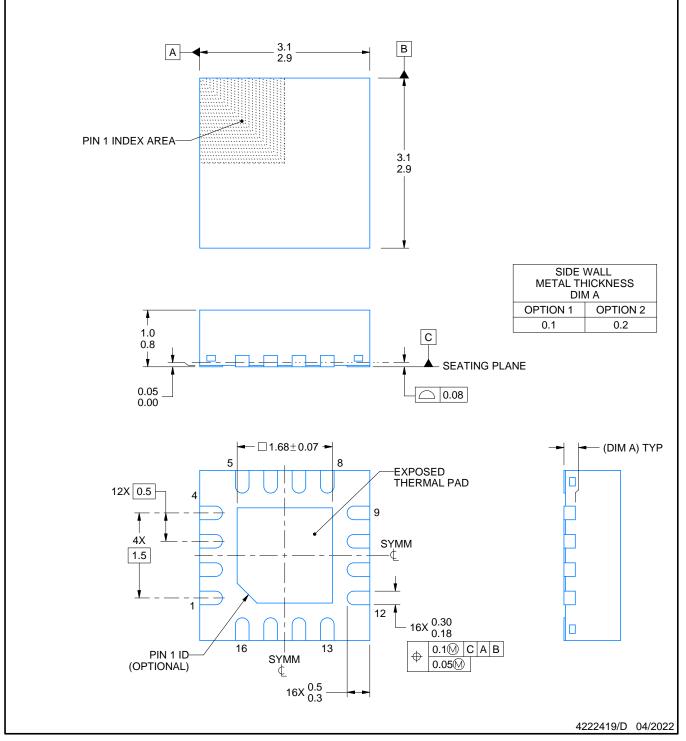
RGT0016C



PACKAGE OUTLINE

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.

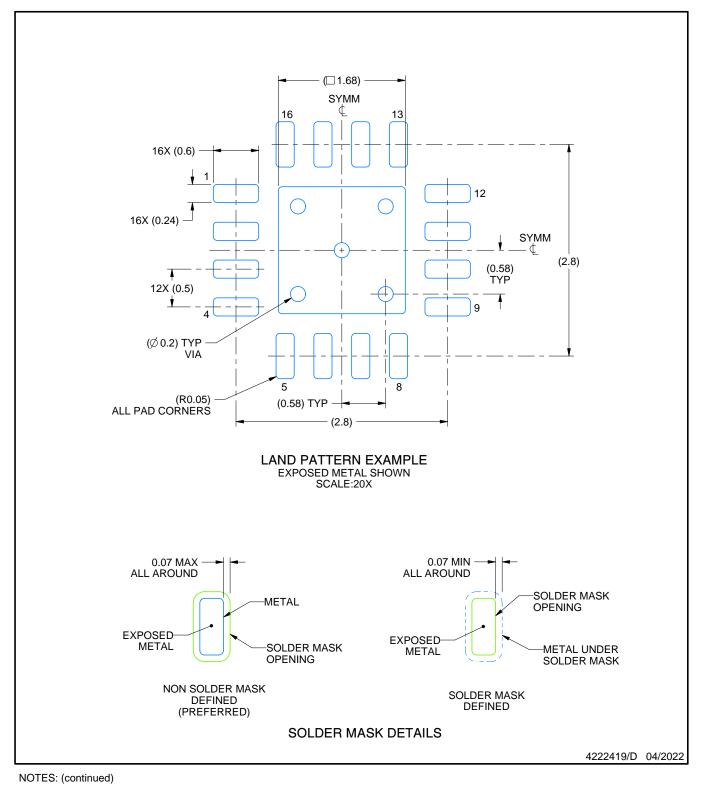


RGT0016C

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).

5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If any vias are implemented, refer to their locations shown on this view. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



RGT0016C

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

VQFN - 1 mm max height

PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATA SHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, regulatory or other requirements.

These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

TI's products are provided subject to TI's Terms of Sale or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such TI products. TI's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter TI's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for TI products.

TI objects to and rejects any additional or different terms you may have proposed.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2024, Texas Instruments Incorporated