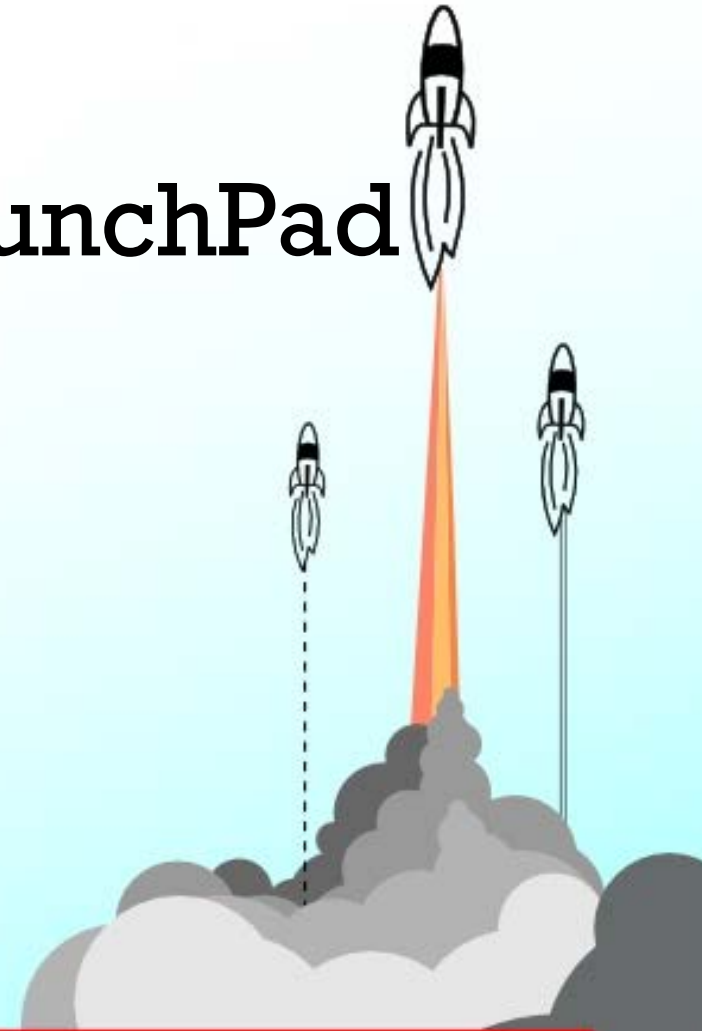


# MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad

## Project0



# Overview

## In this exercise you will learn:

- How to create a new project with Code Composer Studio (CCS)
- Learn how to blink the on-board LED2 on the MSP430 LaunchPad
- Change the speed of the blinking LED2
- Learn how to toggle between the LED1 and LED2

## Things you will need:

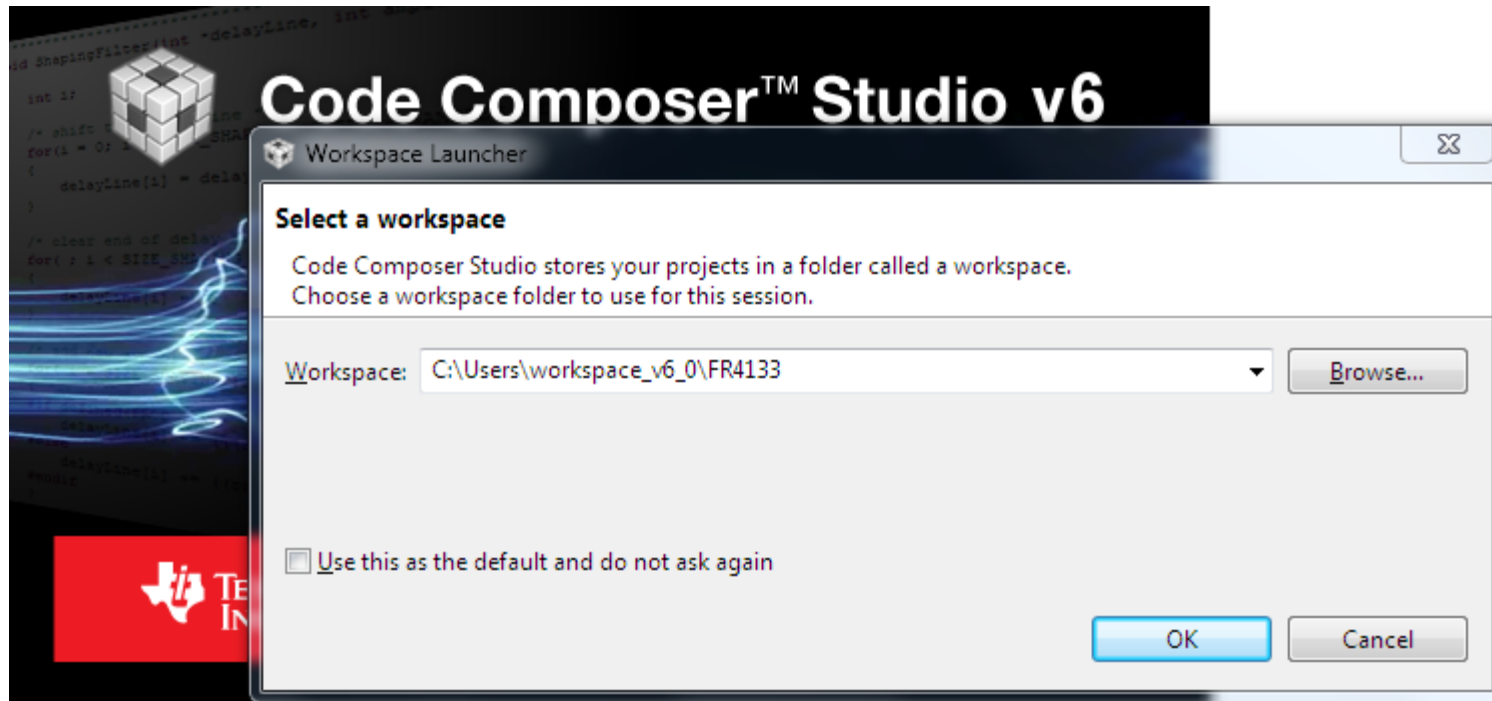
- MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad Development Kit
  - MSP-EXP430FR4133
- [Code Composer Studio](#) (Integrated Development Environment)
- 10-15 minutes

# Hardware Setup

- The MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad Development Kit includes everything you need out of the box
- To start programming, you'll first have to install CCS which contains the required drivers for your new MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad
- Plug your FR4133 LaunchPad into the PC with the included USB cable
- If prompted, let Windows automatically install the software.

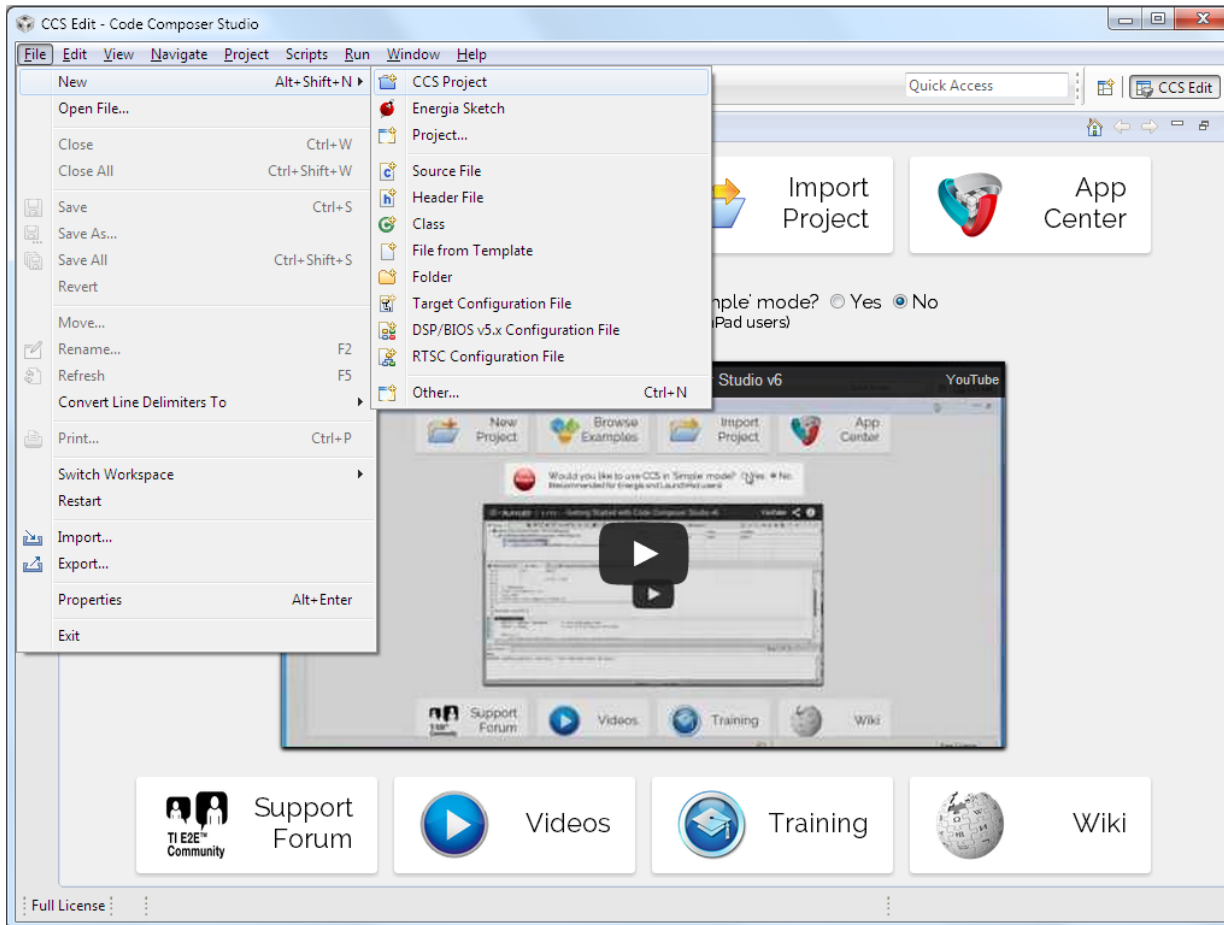
# Create a New CCS Workspace

- Upon opening CCS, it will ask you to select a workspace
- A workspace is where all of your CCS projects will be stored. Create a workspace folder, then *press OK*



# Create a New CCS Project

- Once CCS is opened, we can create a new project by going to *File > New > CCS Project*

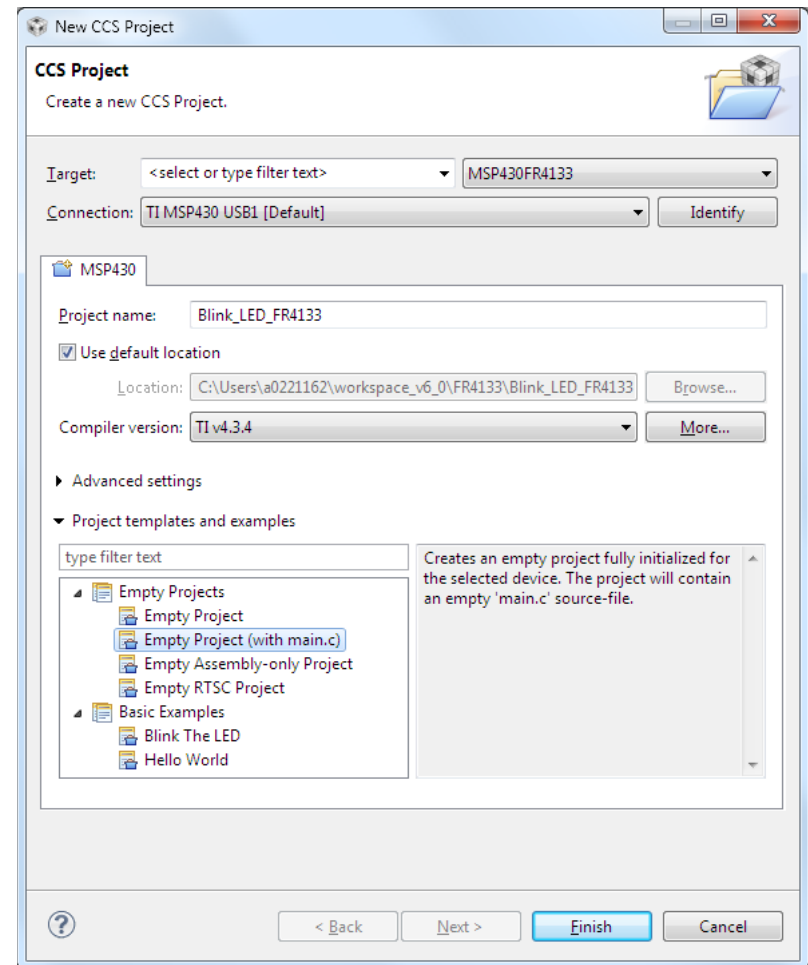


# Choose CCS Project Settings

This will open up the "New CCS Project" window. Within this window, we need to do 2 things.

1. Choose our *Target device*
2. Name our project

1. We need to choose the appropriate MSP430 device. For this tutorial, we will program the MSP430FR4133 device that comes pre-populated on the MSP430FR4133 LaunchPad
2. Let's name our project "Blink\_LED\_FR4133"



# Write Code

In the main.c file we have a blank canvas to write our code!

```
#include <msp430.h>

int main(void)
{
    WDTCTL = WDTPW + WDTHOLD; // Stop Watchdog Timer. This line of code is needed at the beginning of most MSP430 projects
                               //This turns off the watchdog timer, which can reset the device after a certain period of time

    // Configure GPIO
    P4DIR |= 0x01;           // P4DIR is a register that configures the direction (DIR) or a port pin as an output or an input

                               // To set a specific pin as output or input, we write a '1' or '0' on the appropriate bit of the register.
                               // P4DIR = <PIN7><PIN6><PIN5><PIN4><PIN3><PIN2><PIN1><PIN0>
                               // Since we want to blink the LED2, we want to set the direction of Port 4, Pin 0 (P4.0) as an output
                               // We do that by writing a 1 on the PIN0 bit of the P4DIR register
                               // P4DIR = <PIN7><PIN6><PIN5><PIN4><PIN3><PIN2><PIN1><PIN0>
                               // P4DIR = 0000 0001
                               // P4DIR = 0x01 <-- this is the hexadecimal conversion of 0000 0001
                               // The OR command (|) will always set a bit
                               // P4DIR|= 0x01 is equivalent to P4DIR = P4DIR | 0x01
                               // Regardless of value in P4DIR, this OR operation will set Bit0 (or Pin0) to 1-> (1|0 = 1, 1|1 = 1)

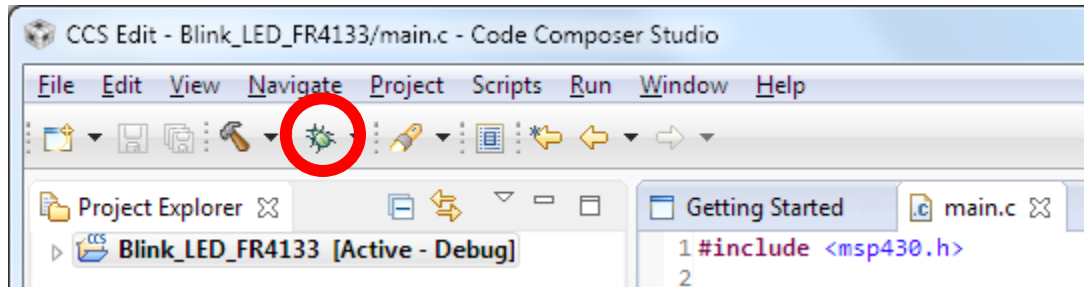
    PMSCTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;    // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate previously configured port settings

    while(1)                 // This while(1) loop will cause the lines of code inside it to loop infinitely
    {
        P4OUT ^= 0x01;       // Toggle P4.0 using exclusive-OR operation (^)
                               // P4OUT is another register which holds the status of the LED.
                               // '1' specifies that it's ON or HIGH, while '0' specifies that it's OFF or LOW
                               // Since our LED is tied to P4.0, we will toggle the 0 bit of the P4OUT register
                               // The exclusive-OR command (^) will always toggle a bit at a certain position
                               // P4OUT^= 0x01 is equivalent to P4DIR = P4DIR ^ 0x01
                               // Regardless of value in P4OUT, this OR operation will toggle Bit0 (or Pin0) (1^0 = 1, 1^1 = 0)

        __delay_cycles(1000000);
    }
}
```

# Download Code

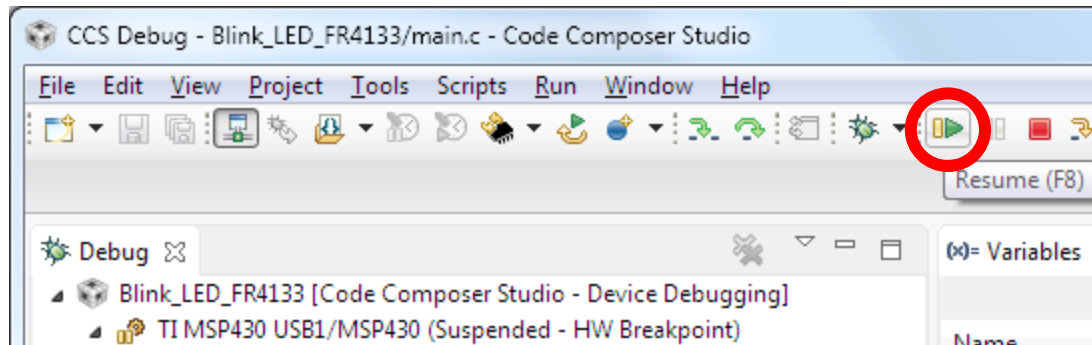
- Now that we have written our code, we can download it to our MSP430 LaunchPad that is plugged into the USB port!
- Code is downloaded by clicking the *debug* button





# Run Code

- Clicking the Debug button will take us to the CCS Debug View. Here, we can *press the Run button* to start running the code we just wrote.



- At this point, your green LED should be blinking.  
***Congratulations!***

# Additional Exercises

- Now that we have our LED2 blinking, play around with the number inside of the while-loop to change the speed of the blinking LED. The smaller the number, the shorter the delay between LED toggles, or the faster the blinking. Alternatively, the larger the number, the longer the delay. Try values like 5000, 40000, etc.
- Another exercise is getting the LED1 to blink as well. The LED1 is tied to Port P1.0. Using the P1DIR and P1OUT registers along with P4DIR and P4OUT we used above, see if you can get both LEDs to blink. Can you make them blink in unison? Can you make them blink alternatively?

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