

TS5A23166 0.9Ω、デュアルSPSTアナログ・スイッチ 5Vおよび3.3V 2チャンネル・アナログ・スイッチ

1 特長

- パワーダウン・モードでの絶縁、 $V_+ = 0$
- 低いオン抵抗 (0.9Ω)
- 制御入力は 5.5V 許容
- 低い電荷注入
- 非常に優れたオン抵抗マッチング
- 低い全高調波歪 (THD)
- 1.65V~ 5.5Vの単電源で動作
- JESD 78、Class II 準拠で 100mA 超のラッチアップ性能
- ESD 性能は JESD 22 に準拠しテスト済み
 - 2000V、人体モデル (A114-B、クラス II)
 - 1000V、デバイス帯電モデル (C101)

2 アプリケーション

- 携帯電話
- ポータブル計測装置
- オーディオおよびビデオ信号のルーティング
- 低電圧のデータ収集システム
- 通信用回路
- モデム
- ハードディスク
- コンピュータ・ペリフェラル
- ワイヤレス端末およびペリフェラル

3 概要

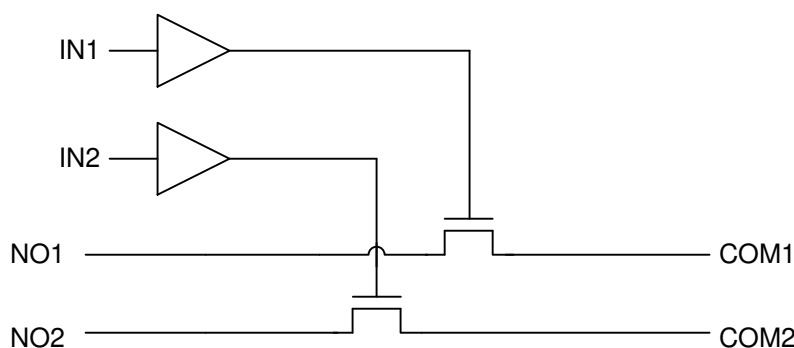
TS5A23166 デバイスはデュアル単極単投 (SPST) のアナログ・スイッチであり、1.65V~5.5V で動作するように設計されています。TS5A23166 デバイスはオン抵抗が低く、チャンネル間のオン抵抗マッチングが非常に優れています。TS5A23166 デバイスは、全高調波歪み (THD) 性能が非常に優れており、極めて低消費電力です。これらの特長から、このデバイスは携帯用オーディオ・アプリケーションに適しています。

製品情報⁽¹⁾

型番	パッケージ	本体サイズ (公称)
TS5A23166	VSSOP (8)	2.30mmx2.00mm
	DSBGA (8)	1.91mmx0.91mm

(1) 利用可能なすべてのパッケージについては、このデータシートの末尾にある注文情報を参照してください。

概略回路図



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4 改訂履歴

資料番号末尾の英字は改訂を表しています。その改訂履歴は英語版に準じています。

Revision I (March 2018) から Revision J に変更 Page

- Changed the *Thermal Information* table

Revision H (May 2015) から Revision I に変更 Page

- Added Note: "Not tested in production" to leakage current at 25°C in the *Electrical Characteristics* tables

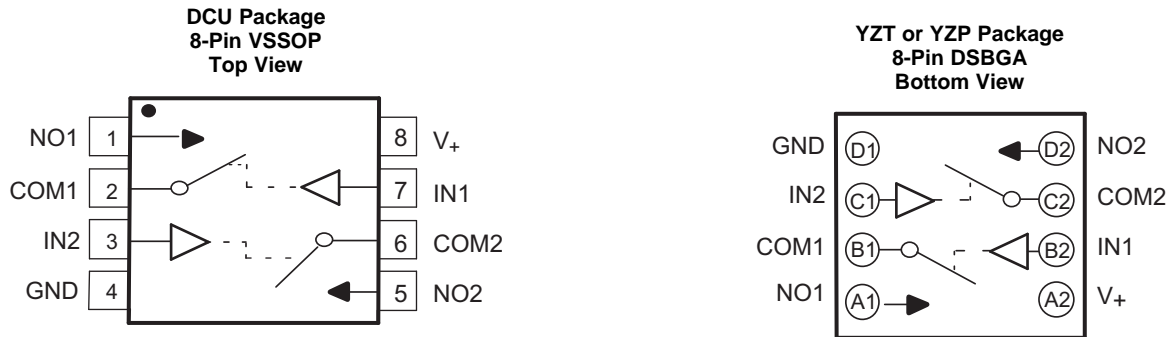
Revision G (February 2013) から Revision H に変更 Page

- 「ピン構成および機能」セクション、「ESD定格」表、「機能説明」セクション、「デバイスの機能モード」セクション、「アプリケーションと実装」セクション、「電源に関する推奨事項」セクション、「レイアウト」セクション、「デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート」セクション、「メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報」セクションを追加
- ドキュメントを新しいTIデータシートのフォーマットに更新 - 仕様の変更なし
- 「注文情報」表を削除

Revision F (September 2012) から Revision G に変更 Page

- Changed pin numbers for YZT or YZP package pinout.

5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN			TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	TSSOP NO.	DSBGA NO.		
COM1	2	B1	I/O	Common port for switch 1
COM2	6	C2	I/O	Common port for switch 2
GND	4	D1	GND	Ground
IN1	7	B2	I	Active-high control pin connecting NO1 to COM1.
IN2	3	C1	I	Active-high control pin connecting NO2 to COM2.
NO1	1	A1	I/O	Normally open switch path 1
NO2	5	D2	I/O	Normally open switch path 2
V+	8	A2	PWR	Power supply pin

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V ₊	Supply voltage ⁽³⁾	-0.5	6.5	V
V _{NO} V _{COM}	Analog voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	-0.5	V ₊ + 0.5	V
I _K	Analog port diode current	V _{NO} , V _{COM} < 0		mA
I _{NO}	ON-state switch current	V _{NO} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊		mA
I _{COM}	ON-state peak switch current ⁽⁶⁾	V _{NO} , V _{COM} = 0 to V ₊		mA
V _I	Digital input voltage ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	-0.5	6.5	V
I _{IK}	Digital input clamp current	V _I < 0		mA
I ₊	Continuous current through V ₊			100 mA
I _{GND}	Continuous current through GND	-100	100	mA

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
- (6) Pulse at 1-ms duration < 10% duty cycle.

6.2 ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$V_{(ESD)}$ Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	+2000	V
	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	+1000	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{I/O}$	Input/output voltage	0	V_+	V
V_+	Supply voltage	1.65	5.5	V
V_I	Control Input Voltage	0	5.5	V
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TS5A23166			UNIT
	DCU (VSSOP)	YZP (DSBGA)	YZT (DSBGA)	
	8 PINS	8 PINS	8 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$ Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	212.2	99.9	99.7	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$ Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	77.6	1.0	1.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$ Junction-to-board thermal resistance	91.7	27.8	27.8	°C/W
ϕ_{JT} Junction-to-top characterization parameter	7.1	0.4	0.5	°C/W
ϕ_{JB} Junction-to-board characterization parameter	91.1	27.8	27.7	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the *IC Package Thermal Metrics* application report.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics: 5-V Supply

$V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Analog Switch								
V_{COM}, V_{NO}	Analog signal			0		V_+	V	
r_{peak}	Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	4.5 V	0.9	1.1	Ω	
			Full		1.2			
r_{on}	ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	4.5 V	0.75	0.9	Ω	
			Full		1			
Δr_{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	4.5 V	0.04	0.1	Ω	
			Full		0.1			
$r_{on(flat)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100 \text{ mA}$, Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	4.5 V	0.2		Ω	
			25°C		Full	0.15		0.25
						0.25		
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF leakage current	$V_{NO} = 1 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}$, Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	5.5 V	0 V	4	20 ⁽²⁾	nA
			Full		-150	150		
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 5.5 \text{ V to } 0$, Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V	-10	0.2	10 ⁽²⁾	μA
			Full		-50	50		

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.

(2) Not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics: 5-V Supply (continued)
 $V_+ = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A	V ₊	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
I _{COM(OFF)}	COM OFF leakage current	V _{COM} = 1 V, V _{NO} = 4.5 V, or V _{COM} = 4.5 V, V _{NO} = 1 V,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	5.5 V	0 V	4	20 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-150	150		
I _{COM(PWROFF)}		V _{COM} = 0 to 5.5 V, V _{NO} = 5.5 V to 0,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V	-10	0.2	10 ⁽²⁾	μA
				Full		-50	50		
I _{NO(ON)}	NO ON leakage current	V _{NO} = 1 V, V _{COM} = Open, or V _{NO} = 4.5 V, V _{COM} = Open,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	5.5 V	-5	0.4	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-50	50		
I _{COM(ON)}	COM ON leakage current	V _{COM} = 1 V, V _{NO} = Open, or V _{COM} = 4.5 V, V _{NO} = Open,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	5.5 V	-5	0.4	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-50	50		
Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)⁽³⁾									
V _{IH}	Input logic high			Full		2.4		5.5	V
V _{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.8	V
I _{IH} , I _{IL}	Input leakage current	V _I = 5.5 V or 0		25°C	5.5 V	-2	0.3	2	nA
				Full		-20	20		
Dynamic									
Q _C	Charge injection	V _{GEN} = 0, R _{GEN} = 0,	C _L = 1 nF, see Figure 19	25°C	5 V		6		pC
C _{NO(OFF)}	NO OFF capacitance	V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	5 V		19		pF
C _{COM(OFF)}	COM OFF capacitance	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	5 V		18		pF
C _{NO(ON)}	NO ON capacitance	V _{NO} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	5 V		35.5		pF
C _{COM(ON)}	COM ON capacitance	V _{COM} = V ₊ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	5 V		35.5		pF
C _I	Digital input capacitance	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	See Figure 14	25°C	5 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	R _L = 50 Ω, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		150		MHz
O _{ISO}	OFF isolation	R _L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch OFF, see Figure 17	25°C	5 V		-62		dB
X _{TALK}	Crosstalk	R _L = 50 Ω, f = 1 MHz,	Switch ON, see Figure 18	25°C	5 V		-85		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	R _L = 600 Ω, C _L = 50 pF,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, see Figure 20	25°C	5 V		0.005%		
Supply									
I ₊	Positive supply current	V _I = V ₊ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	5.5 V	0.01	0.1	1	μA
				Full					

(3) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V₊ or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number [SCBA004](#).

6.6 Electrical Characteristics: 3.3-V Supply

$V_+ = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
V_{COM}, V_{NO}	Analog signal range					0		V_+	V
r_{peak}	Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	3 V		1.3	1.6	Ω
				Full				1.8	
r_{on}	ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} = 2\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	3 V		1.1	1.5	Ω
				Full				1.7	
Δr_{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} = 2\text{ V}$, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	3 V		0.04	0.1	Ω
				Full				0.1	
$r_{on(flat)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	3 V		0.3		Ω
		$V_{NO} = 2\text{ V}$, 0.8 V, $I_{COM} = -100\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C			0.15	0.25	
				Full				0.25	
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF leakage current	$V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	3.6 V	-5	0.5	$5^{(2)}$	nA
				Full			-50	50	
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$		$V_{NO} = 0\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 3.6\text{ V to }0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V	-5	0.1	$5^{(2)}$	μA
				Full			-25	25	
$I_{COM(OFF)}$	COM OFF leakage current	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 3\text{ V}$, or $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	3.6 V	-5	0.5	$5^{(2)}$	nA
						Full		-50	
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$		$V_{COM} = 0\text{ to }3.6\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 3.6\text{ V to }0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V	-5	0.1	$5^{(2)}$	μA
				Full			-25	25	
$I_{NO(ON)}$	NO ON leakage current	$V_{NO} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{NO} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	3.6 V	-2	0.3	$2^{(2)}$	nA
				Full			-20	20	
$I_{COM(ON)}$	COM ON leakage current	$V_{COM} = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{COM} = 3\text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	3.6 V	-2	0.3	$2^{(2)}$	nA
				Full			-20	20	
Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)⁽³⁾									
V_{IH}	Input logic high			Full		2		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.8	V
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	Input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5\text{ V or }0$		25°C	3.6 V	-2	0.3	2	nA
				Full			-20	20	

- (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum.
- (2) Not tested in production.
- (3) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at V_+ or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number [SCBA004](#).

Electrical Characteristics: 3.3-V Supply (continued)

 $V_+ = 3\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Q_C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$,	$C_L = 1\text{ nF}$, see Figure 19	25°C	5 V		6		pC
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	3.3 V		19.5		pF
$C_{COM(OFF)}$	COM OFF capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	3.3 V		18.5		pF
$C_{NO(ON)}$	NO ON capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	3.3 V		36		pF
$C_{COM(ON)}$	COM ON capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	3.3 V		36		pF
C_I	Digital input capacitance	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 14	25°C	3.3 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3.3 V		150		MHz
O_{ISO}	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 17	25°C	3.3 V		-62		dB
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk	$R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 18	25°C	3.3 V		-85		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600\ \Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$,	$f = 20\text{ Hz to }20\text{ kHz}$, see Figure 20	25°C	3.3 V		0.01%		
Supply									
I_+	Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	3.6 V		0.001	0.05	μA
				Full				0.3	

6.7 Electrical Characteristics: 2.5-V Supply

 $V_+ = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Analog Switch										
V_{COM}, V_{NO}	Analog signal range					0		V_+	V	
r_{peak}	Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -8\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	2.3 V		1.8	2.4	Ω	
				Full				2.6		
r_{on}	ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} = 1.8\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -8\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	2.3 V		1.2	2.1	Ω	
				Full				2.4		
Δr_{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} = 1.8\text{ V}, 0.8\text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -8\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	2.3 V		0.04	0.15	Ω	
				Full				0.15		
$r_{on(flat)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -8\text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	2.3 V		0.7		Ω	
				25°C			0.4	0.6		
				Full				0.6		
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF leakage current	$V_{NO} = 0.5\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 2.3\text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = 2.3\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.5\text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	2.7 V		-5	0.3	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full				-50	50	
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$		$V_{NO} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 2.7\text{ V to }0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V		-2	0.05	2 ⁽²⁾	μA
				Full				-15	15	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

(2) Not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics: 2.5-V Supply (continued)
 $V_+ = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$I_{\text{COM(OFF)}}$	COM OFF leakage current	$V_{\text{NO}} = 2.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{COM}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, or $V_{\text{NO}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{COM}} = 2.3 \text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	2.7 V	-5	0.3	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-50		50	
$I_{\text{COM(PWROFF)}}$		$V_{\text{COM}} = 0 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{NO}} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V	-2	0.05	2 ⁽²⁾	μA
				Full		-15		15	
$I_{\text{NO(ON)}}$	NO ON leakage current	$V_{\text{NO}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{COM}} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{\text{NO}} = 2.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{COM}} = \text{Open}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	2.7 V	-2	0.3	2 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-20		20	
$I_{\text{COM(ON)}}$	COM ON leakage current	$V_{\text{COM}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{NO}} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{\text{COM}} = 2.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{\text{NO}} = \text{Open}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	2.7 V	-2	0.3	2 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full		-20		20	
Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)									
V_{IH}	Input logic high			Full		1.8		5.5	V
V_{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.6	V
$I_{\text{IH}}, I_{\text{IL}}$	Input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or } 0$		25°C	2.7 V	-2	0.3	2	nA
				Full		-20		20	
Dynamic									
Q_C	Charge injection	$V_{\text{GEN}} = 0$, $R_{\text{GEN}} = 0$,	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF}$, see Figure 19	25°C	2.5 V		4		pC
$C_{\text{NO(OFF)}}$	NO OFF capacitance	$V_{\text{NO}} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	2.5 V		19.5		pF
$C_{\text{COM(OFF)}}$	COM OFF capacitance	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	2.5 V		18.5		pF
$C_{\text{NO(ON)}}$	NO ON capacitance	$V_{\text{NO}} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	2.5 V		36.5		pF
$C_{\text{COM(ON)}}$	COM ON capacitance	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	2.5 V		36.5		pF
C_I	Digital input capacitance	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND}$,	See Figure 14	25°C	2.5 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	2.5 V		150		MHz
O_{ISO}	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 17	25°C	2.5 V		-62		dB
X_{TALK}	Crosstalk	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 18	25°C	2.5 V		-85		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600 \Omega$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$,	$f = 20 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$, see Figure 20	25°C	2.5 V		0.02%		
Supply									
I_+	Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND}$,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	2.7 V		0.001	0.02	μA
				Full				0.25	

6.8 Electrical Characteristics: 1.8-V Supply

 $V_+ = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Analog Switch										
V_{COM}, V_{NO}	Analog signal range					0		V_+	V	
r_{peak}	Peak ON resistance	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	1.65 V		4.2	25	Ω	
				Full			30			
r_{on}	ON-state resistance	$V_{NO} = 0.6 \text{ V}, 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	1.65 V		1.6	3.9	Ω	
				Full			4			
Δr_{on}	ON-state resistance match between channels	$V_{NO} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	1.65 V		0.04	0.2	Ω	
				Full			0.2			
$r_{on(Flat)}$	ON-state resistance flatness	$0 \leq V_{NO} \leq V_+$, $I_{COM} = -2 \text{ mA}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 11	25°C	1.65 V		2.8		Ω	
				25°C			4.1	22		
				Full				27		
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF leakage current	$V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	1.95 V		-5	0.3	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full			-50	50		
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$		$V_{NO} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V		-2	0.05	2 ⁽²⁾	μA
				Full			-10	10		
$I_{COM(OFF)}$	COM OFF leakage current	$V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	1.95 V		-5	0.3	5 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full			-50	50		
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$		$V_{COM} = 0 \text{ to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $V_{NO} = 1.95 \text{ V to } 0$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 12	25°C	0 V		-2	0.05	2 ⁽²⁾	μA
				Full			-10	10		
$I_{NO(ON)}$	NO ON leakage current	$V_{NO} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$, or $V_{NO} = 1.65 \text{ V}$, $V_{COM} = \text{Open}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	1.95 V		-2	0.3	2 ⁽²⁾	nA
				Full			-20	20		
$I_{COM(ON)}$	COM ON leakage current	$V_{NO} = \text{Open}$, $V_{COM} = 0.3 \text{ V}$, or $V_{NO} = \text{Open}$, $V_{COM} = 1.65 \text{ V}$,	Switch ON, see Figure 13	25°C	1.95 V		-2	0.3	2	nA
				Full			-20	20		
Digital Control Inputs (IN1, IN2)										
V_{IH}	Input logic high			Full		1.5		5.5	V	
V_{IL}	Input logic low			Full		0		0.6	V	
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	Input leakage current	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or } 0$		25°C	1.95 V		-2	0.3	2	μA
				Full			-20	20		
Dynamic										
Q_C	Charge injection	$V_{GEN} = 0$, $R_{GEN} = 0$,	$C_L = 1 \text{ nF}$, see Figure 19	25°C	1.8 V		2		pC	
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	NO OFF capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	1.8 V		19.5		pF	
$C_{COM(OFF)}$	COM OFF capacitance	$V_{COM} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch OFF,	See Figure 14	25°C	1.8 V		18.5		pF	
$C_{NO(ON)}$	NO ON capacitance	$V_{NO} = V_+ \text{ or GND}$, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	1.8 V		36.5		pF	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

(2) Not tested in production.

Electrical Characteristics: 1.8-V Supply (continued)

 $V_+ = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{\text{COM(ON)}}$	COM ON capacitance	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$ or GND, Switch ON,	See Figure 14	25°C	1.8 V		36.5		pF
C_I	Digital input capacitance	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 14	25°C	1.8 V		2		pF
BW	Bandwidth	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	1.8 V		150		MHz
O_{ISO}	OFF isolation	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$,	Switch OFF, see Figure 17	25°C	1.8 V		-62		dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$R_L = 600 \Omega$, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$,	$f = 20 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$, see Figure 20	25°C	1.8 V		0.055%		
Supply									
I_+	Positive supply current	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	1.95 V		0.001	0.01	μA
				Full				0.15	

6.9 Switching Characteristics: 5-V Supply

 $V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
t_{ON}	Turnon time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	5 V	1	4.5	7.5	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	1		9	
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	5 V	4.5	8	11	ns
				Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V	3.5		13	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

6.10 Switching Characteristics: 3.3-V Supply

 $V_+ = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
t_{ON}	Turnon time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	3.3 V	1.5	5	9.5	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	1		10	
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	3.3 V	4.5	8.5	11	ns
				Full	3 V to 3.6 V	3		12.5	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

6.11 Switching Characteristics: 2.5-V Supply

 $V_+ = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } 85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
t_{ON}	Turnon time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	2.5 V	2	6	10	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	1		12	
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$V_{\text{COM}} = V_+$, $R_L = 50 \Omega$,	$C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	2.5 V	4.5	8	12.5	ns
				Full	2.3 V to 2.7 V	3		15	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

6.12 Switching Characteristics: 1.8-V Supply

 $V_+ = 1.65\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T_A	V_+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
t_{ON}	Turnon time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$,	$C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	1.8 V	3	9	18	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	1		20	
t_{OFF}	Turnoff time	$V_{COM} = V_+$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$,	$C_L = 35\text{ pF}$, see Figure 15	25°C	1.8 V	5	10	15.5	ns
				Full	1.65 V to 1.95 V	4		18.5	

(1) The algebraic convention is used in this data sheet; the most negative value is shown in the minimum column.

6.13 Typical Characteristics

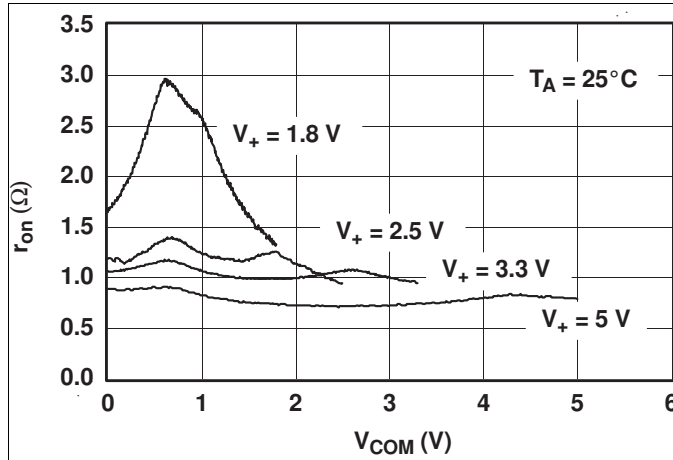


Figure 1. r_{on} vs V_{COM}

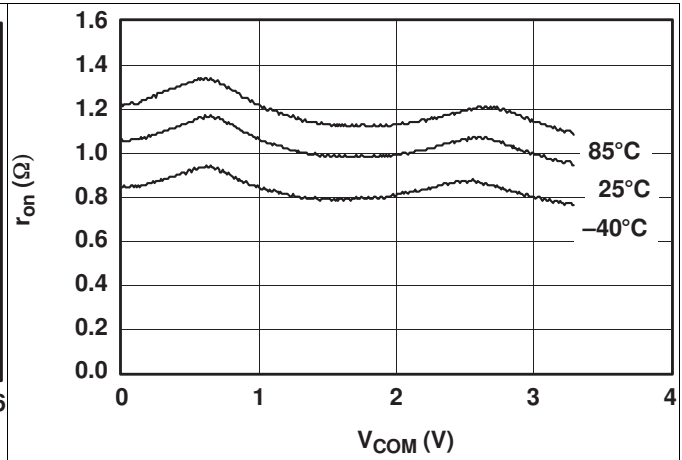


Figure 2. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 3.3$ V)

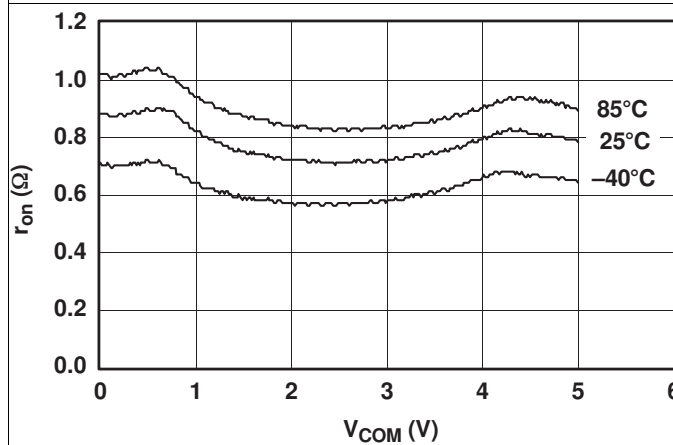


Figure 3. r_{on} vs V_{COM} ($V_+ = 5$ V)

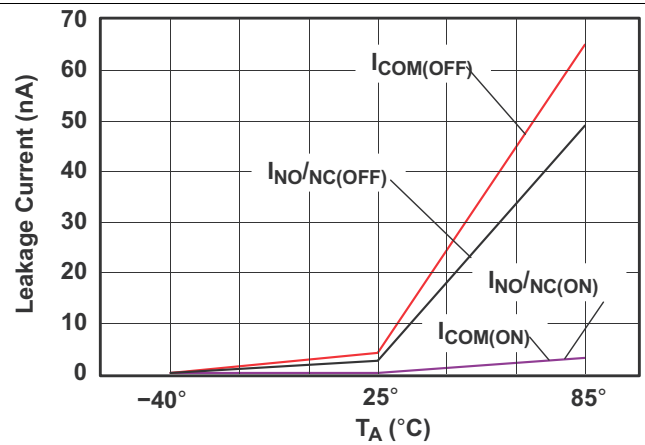


Figure 4. Leakage Current vs Temperature ($V_+ = 5.5$ V)

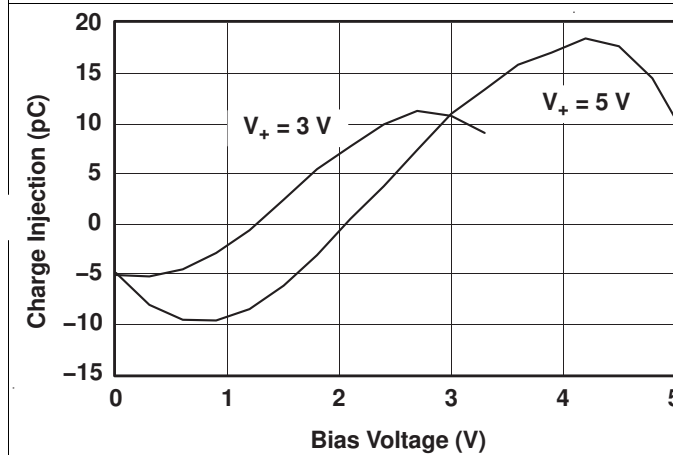


Figure 5. Charge Injection (Q_C) vs V_{COM}

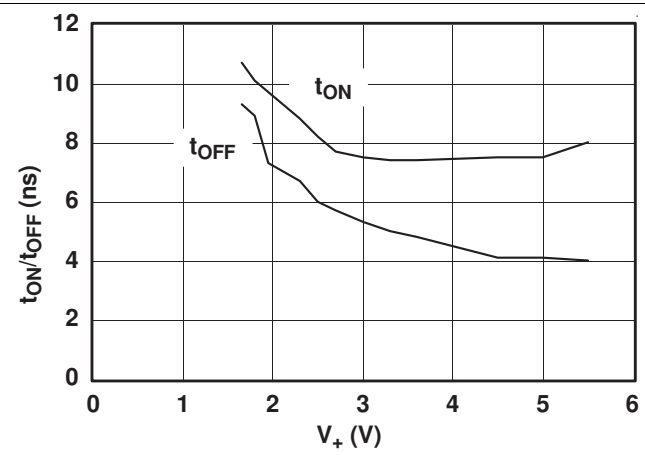


Figure 6. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Supply Voltage

Typical Characteristics (continued)

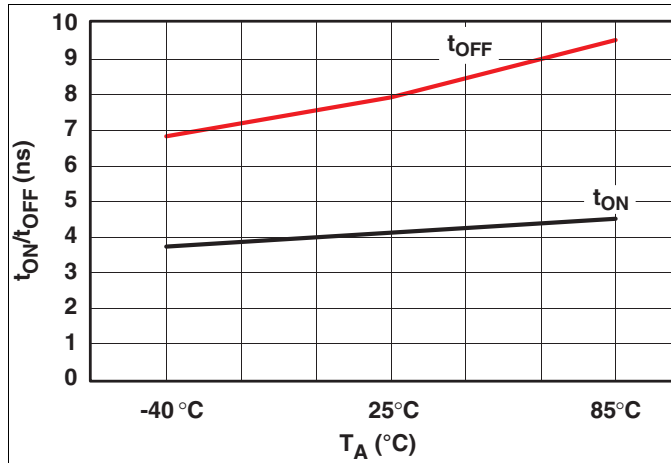


Figure 7. t_{ON} and t_{OFF} vs Temperature (V₊ = 5 V)

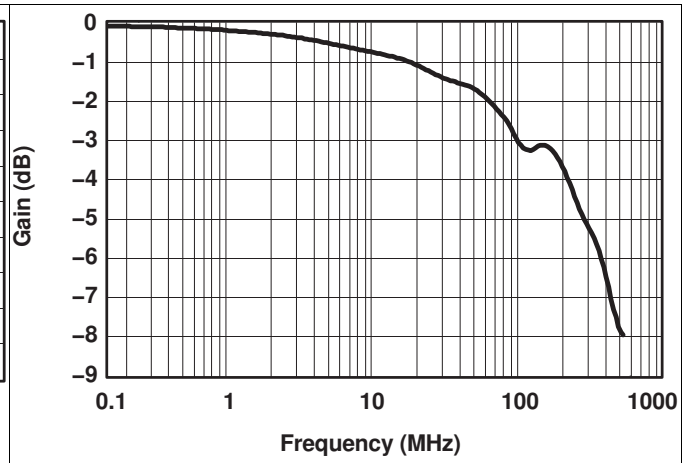


Figure 8. Bandwidth (V₊ = 5 V)

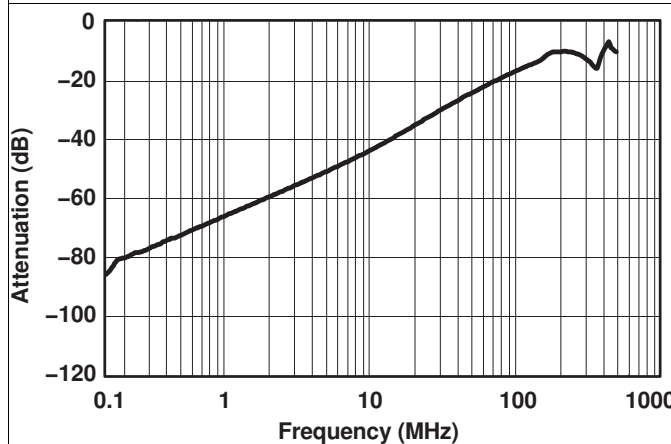


Figure 9. OFF Isolation and Crosstalk (V₊ = 5 V)

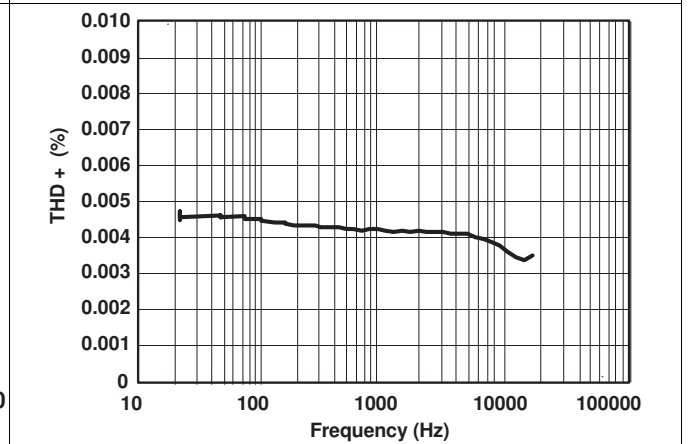


Figure 10. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency

7 Parameter Measurement Information

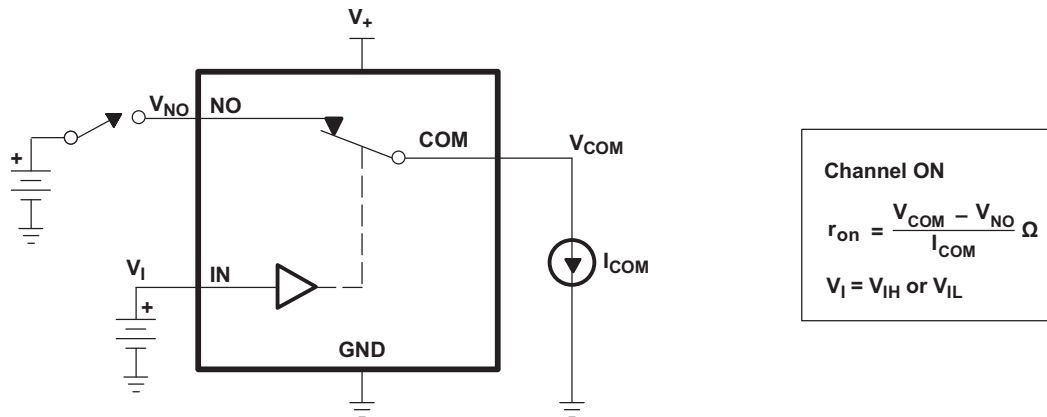


Figure 11. ON-State Resistance (r_{on})

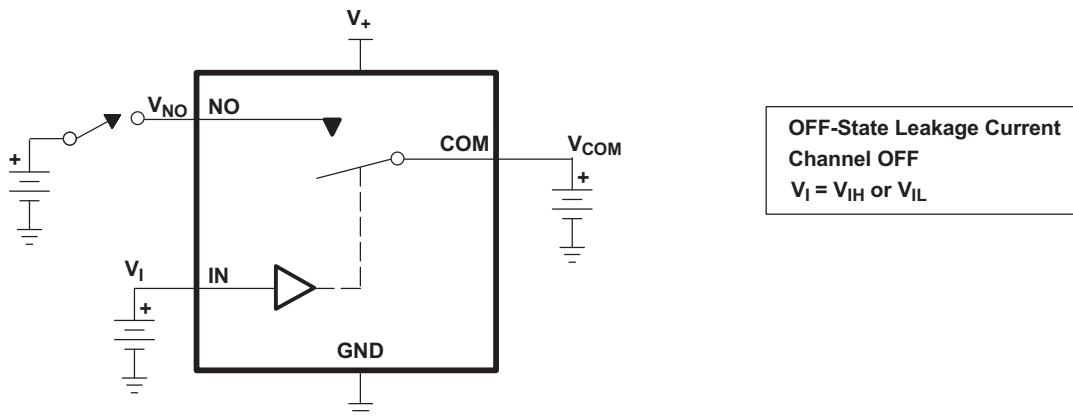


Figure 12. OFF-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(OFF)}$, $I_{NC(OFF)}$, $I_{COM(PWROFF)}$, $I_{NC(PWR(F))}$)

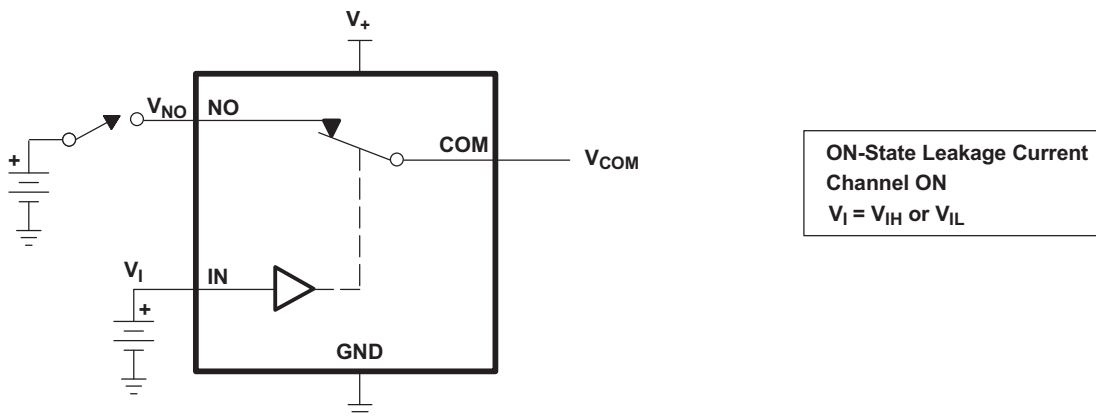


Figure 13. ON-State Leakage Current ($I_{COM(ON)}$, $I_{NC(ON)}$)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

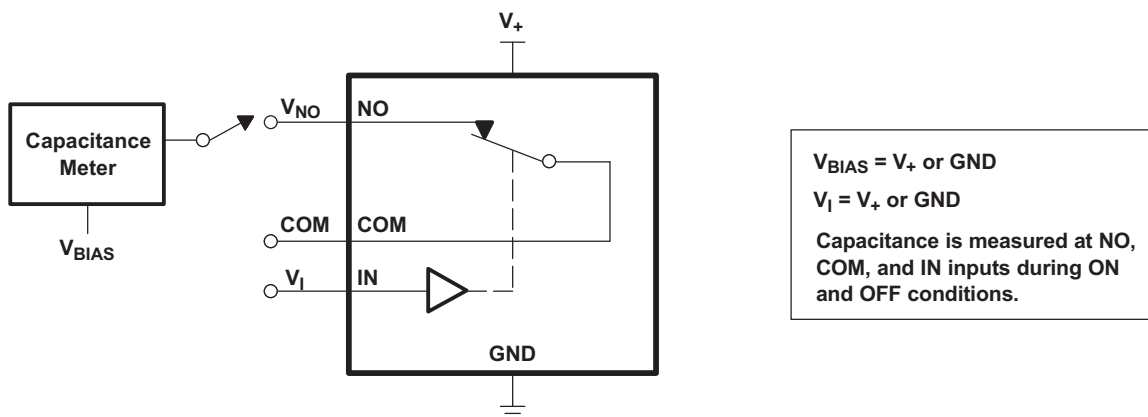
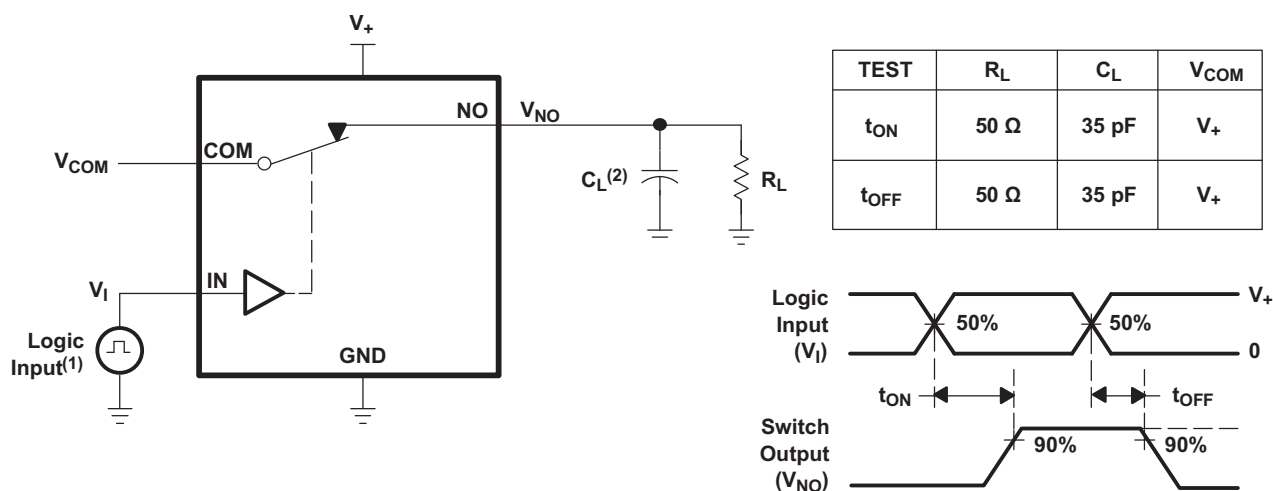


Figure 14. Capacitance (C_I , $C_{COM(OFF)}$, $C_{COM(ON)}$, $C_{NC(OFF)}$, $C_{NC(ON)}$)



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR ≤ 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω, t_r < 5 ns, t_f < 5 ns.
- (2) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 15. Turnon (t_{ON}) and Turnoff Time (t_{OFF})

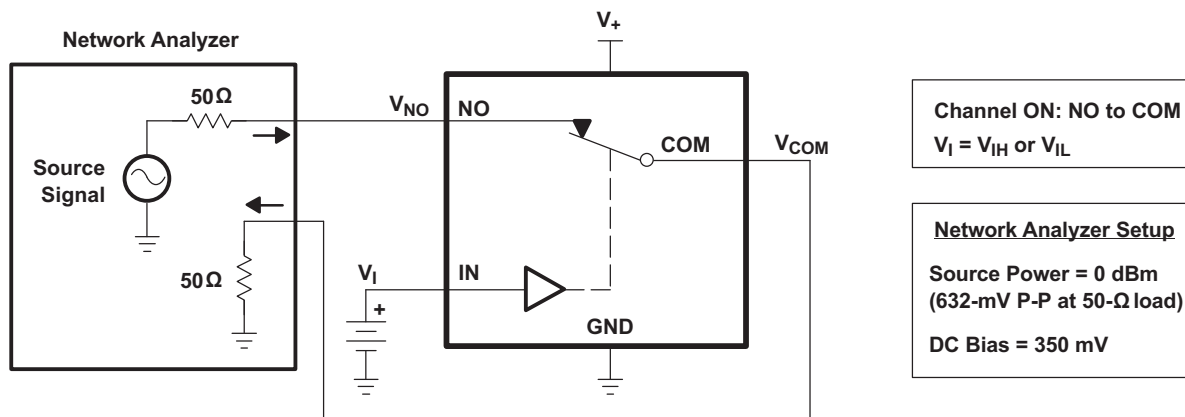


Figure 16. Bandwidth (BW)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)

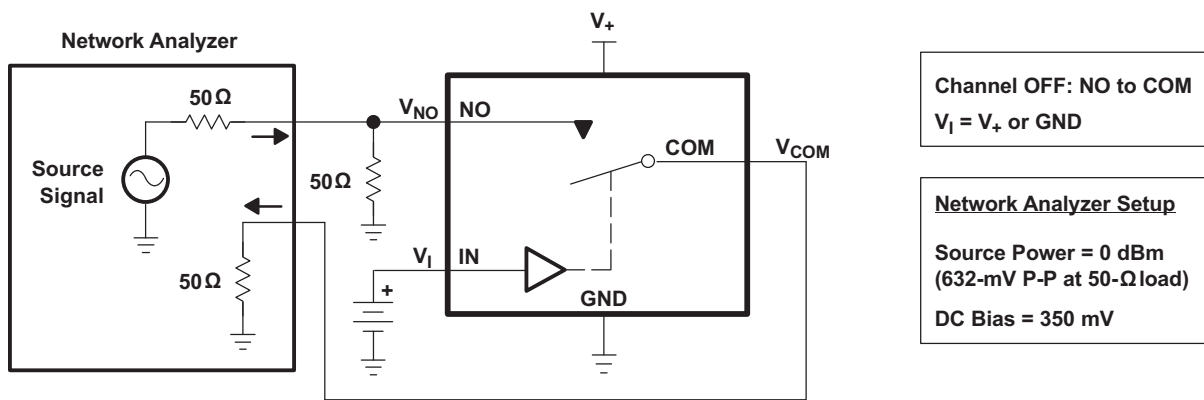


Figure 17. OFF Isolation (O_{ISO})

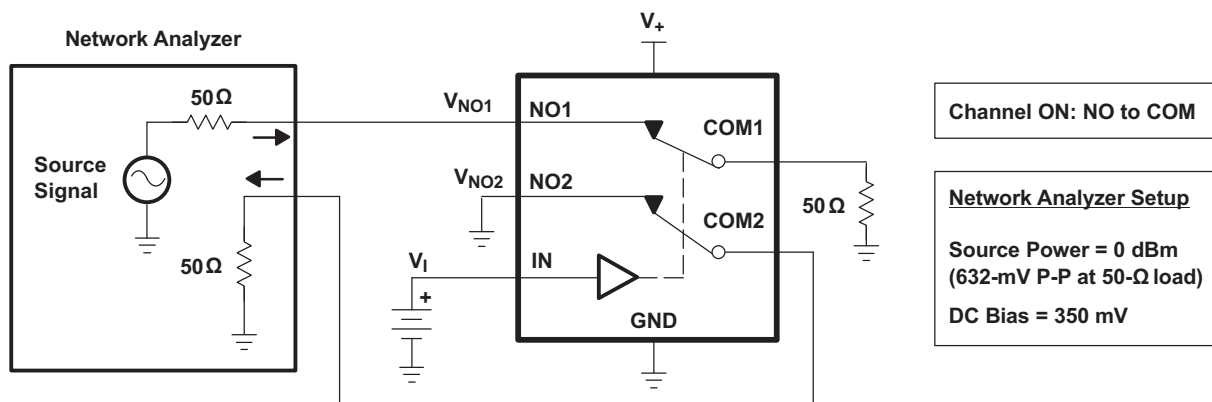
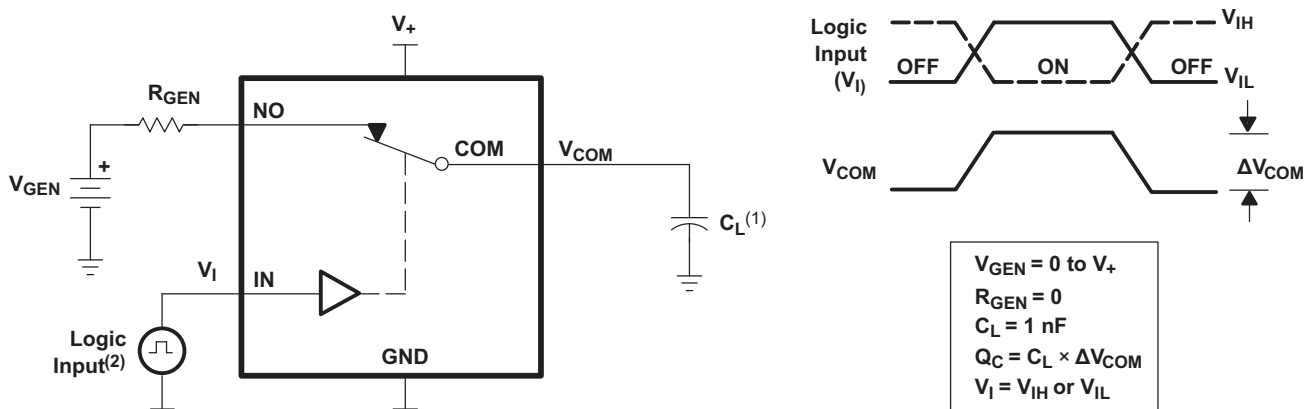


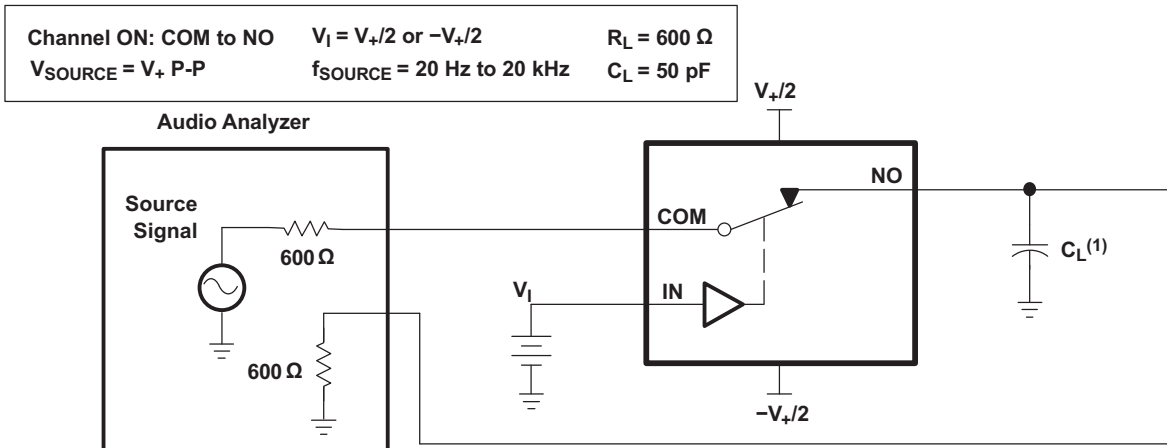
Figure 18. Crosstalk (X_{TALK})



- (1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- (2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:
 PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r < 5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$.

Figure 19. Charge Injection (Q_C)

Parameter Measurement Information (continued)



(1) C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

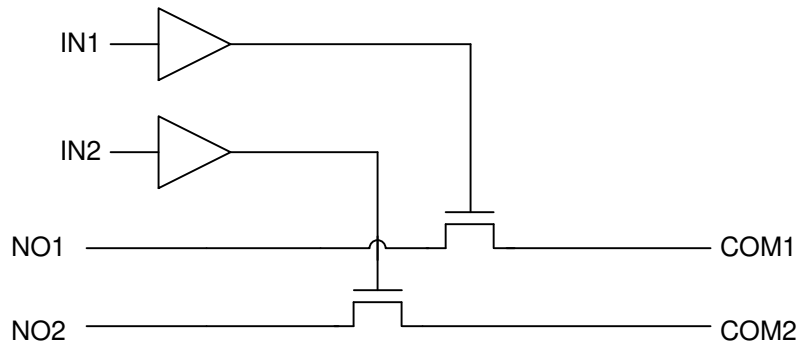
Figure 20. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TS5A23166 is a dual single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. The device offers a low ON-state resistance. The device has excellent total harmonic distortion (THD) performance and consumes very low power. These features make this device suitable for portable audio applications. [表 2](#) shows the descriptions of each parameter specified in the datasheet.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram



8.3 Feature Description

Tolerant control inputs allow 5-V logic levels to be present on the IN pin at any value of V_{CC} . Low ON-resistance allows minimal signal distortion through device.

8.4 Device Functional Modes

[Table 1](#) shows the functional modes for TS5A23166.

Table 1. Function Table

IN	NO TO COM, COM TO NO
L	OFF
H	ON

9 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The TS5A23166 dual SPST analog switch is a basic component that could be used in any electrical system design. One example application is a gain selector, which is described in the [Typical Application](#) section.

9.2 Typical Application

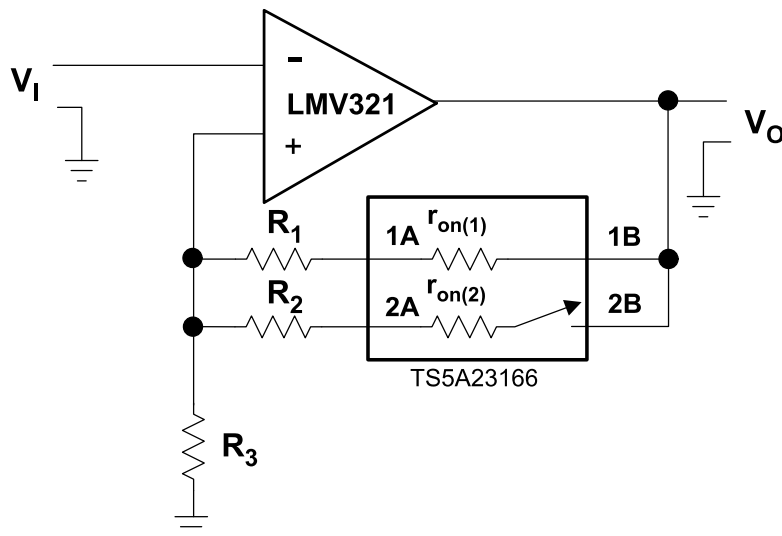


Figure 21. Gain-Control Circuit for OP Amplifier

9.2.1 Design Requirements

By selecting values of R_1 and R_2 , such that $R_x \gg r_{on(x)}$, r_{on} of TS5A23166 can be ignored. The gain of op amp can be calculated as follow:

$$V_o / V_i = 1 + R_{||} / R_3 \quad (1)$$

$$R_{||} = (R_1 + r_{on(1)}) || (R_2 + r_{on(2)}) \quad (2)$$

9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Place a switch in series with the input of the op amp. Because the op amp input impedance is very large, a switch on $r_{on(1)}$ is irrelevant.

Typical Application (continued)

9.2.3 Application Curve

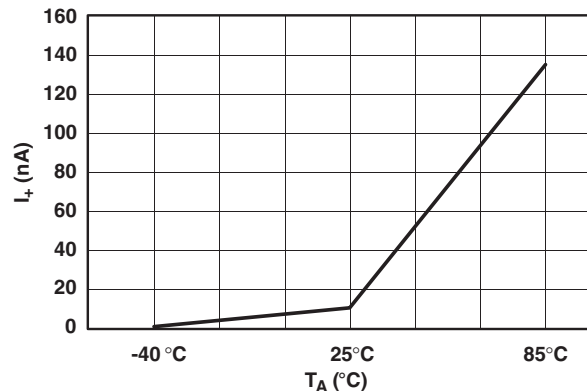


Figure 22. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature (V₊ = 5 V)

10 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the [Recommended Operating Conditions](#).

Each V_{CC} terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1-μF bypass capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple pins labeled V_{CC}, then a 0.01-μF or 0.022-μF capacitor is recommended for each V_{CC} because the VCC pins will be tied together internally. For devices with dual supply pins operating at different voltages, for example V_{CC} and V_{DD}, a 0.1-μF bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1-μF and 1-μF capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

11 Layout

11.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to loop antenna theory, but different enough to warrant their own discussion. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. This is primarily due to the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width is increased to 1.414 times its width. This upsets the transmission line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self-inductance of the trace — resulting in the reflection. It is a given that not all PCB traces can be straight, and so they will have to turn corners. [Figure 23](#) shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

11.2 Layout Example

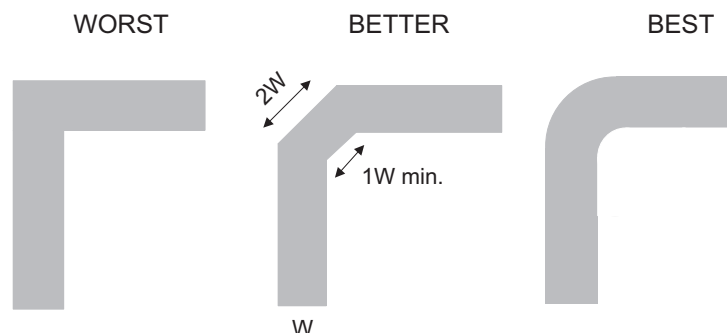


Figure 23. Trace Example

12 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

12.1 デバイス・サポート

12.1.1 デバイスの項目表記

表 2. パラメータの説明

記号	説明
V_{COM}	COM電圧
V_{NO}	NO電圧
r_{on}	チャンネルがオンのときのCOMとNOポート間の抵抗
r_{peak}	規定電圧範囲内でのピーク・オン抵抗
$r_{on(flat)}$	規定の条件の範囲における、チャンネルの r_{on} の最大値と最小値との差
$I_{NO(OFF)}$	ワーストケースの入力および出力条件で、対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオフ状態のとき、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NO(PWROFF)}$	パワーダウン状況、 $V_+ = 0$ のとき、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{COM(OFF)}$	ワーストケースの入力および出力条件で、対応チャンネル(COMからNO)がオフ状態のとき、COMポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{COM(PWROFF)}$	パワーダウン状況、 $V_+ = 0$ のとき、COMポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{NO(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオン状態、出力(COM)がオープンなとき、NOポートで測定されるリーク電流
$I_{COM(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(COMからNO)がオン状態、出力(NO)がオープンなとき、COMポートで測定されるリーク電流
V_{IH}	制御入力(IN)の論理HIGHの最小入力電圧
V_{IL}	制御入力(IN)の論理LOWの最大入力電圧
V_I	制御入力(IN)の電圧
I_{IH}, I_{IL}	制御入力(IN)で測定されるリーク電流
t_{ON}	スイッチのターンオン時間。このパラメータは、規定された条件の範囲で、スイッチがオンになるときのデジタル制御(IN)信号とアナログ出力(COM、NO)信号との間の伝搬遅延により測定されます。
t_{OFF}	スイッチのターンオフ時間。このパラメータは、規定された条件の範囲で、スイッチがオフになるときのデジタル制御(IN)信号とアナログ出力(COM、NO)信号との間の伝搬遅延により測定されます。
Q_C	電荷注入は、制御(IN)入力からアナログ(NO、COM)出力への、望ましくない信号のカップリングの測定値です。この値はクーロン(C)単位で、制御入力のスイッチングによって誘導される合計電荷により測定されます。電荷注入 $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$ で、 C_L は負荷容量、 ΔV_{COM} はアナログ出力電圧の変化です。
$C_{NO(OFF)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオフのときのNOポートの容量
$C_{COM(OFF)}$	対応チャンネル(COMからNO)がオフのときのCOMポートの容量
$C_{NO(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)がオンのときのNOポートの容量
$C_{COM(ON)}$	対応チャンネル(COMからNO)がオンのときのCOMポートの容量
C_I	制御入力(IN)の容量
O_{ISO}	スイッチのオフ絶縁は、オフ状態のスイッチのインピーダンス測定値です。これは、オフ状態の対応チャンネル(NOからCOM)で、特定の周波数についてdB単位で測定されます。
BW	スイッチの帯域幅。オン状態のチャンネルのゲインがDCゲインより-3dB低くなる周波数です。
THD	全高調波歪は、アナログ・スイッチにより発生する信号の歪みを示します。この値は、2次、3次、およびさらに高次の高調波の二乗平均(RMS)値と、基本波の絶対振幅との比として定義されます。
I_+	制御(IN)ピンが V_+ またはGNDであるときの静的消費電流

12.2 ドキュメントの更新通知を受け取る方法

ドキュメントの更新についての通知を受け取るには、ti.comのデバイス製品フォルダを開いてください。右上の「アラートを受け取る」をクリックして登録すると、変更されたすべての製品情報に関するダイジェストを毎週受け取れます。変更の詳細については、修正されたドキュメントに含まれている改訂履歴をご覧ください。

12.3 コミュニティ・リソース

[TI E2E™ support forums](#) are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

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12.4 商標

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

12.5 静電気放電に関する注意事項



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12.6 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

13 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。この情報は、そのデバイスについて利用可能な最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。本データシートのブラウザ版を使用されている場合は、画面左側の説明をご覧ください。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TS5A23166DCUR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(AM, JAMQ, JAMR) JZ	Samples
TS5A23166DCURG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JAMR	Samples
TS5A23166YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JMN	Samples
TS5A23166YZTR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZT	8	3000	RoHS & Green	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	JMN	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSELETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TS5A23166DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A23166DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	180.0	8.4	2.25	3.35	1.05	4.0	8.0	Q3
TS5A23166YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	2.02	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1
TS5A23166YZTR	DSBGA	YZT	8	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	2.02	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TS5A23166DCUR	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TS5A23166DCURG4	VSSOP	DCU	8	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
TS5A23166YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
TS5A23166YZTR	DSBGA	YZT	8	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

YZP0008

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
SCALE:40X



SOLDER MASK DETAILS
NOT TO SCALE

4223082/A 07/2016

NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

YZP0008

DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.1 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE:40X

4223082/A 07/2016

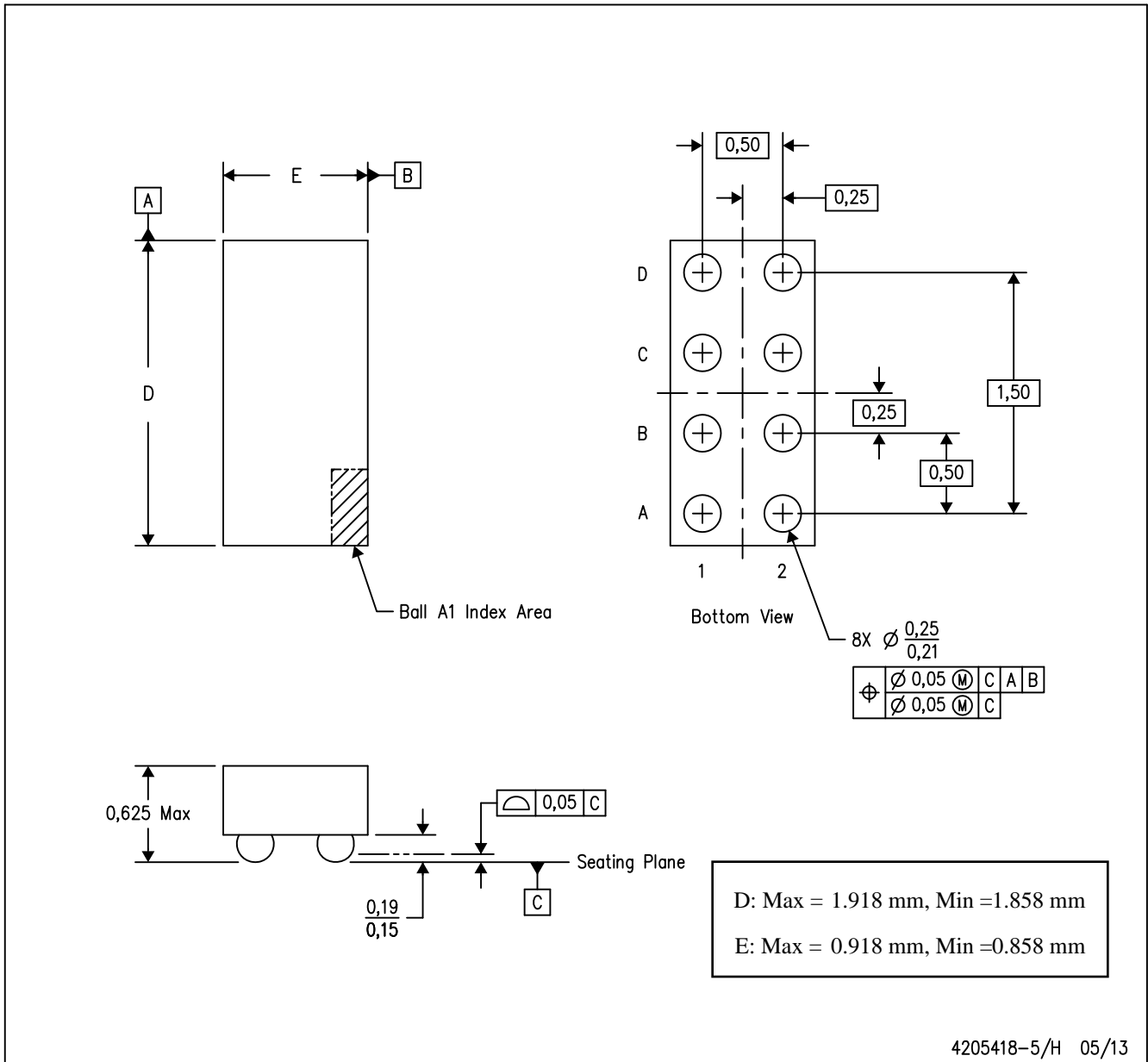
NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.

MECHANICAL DATA

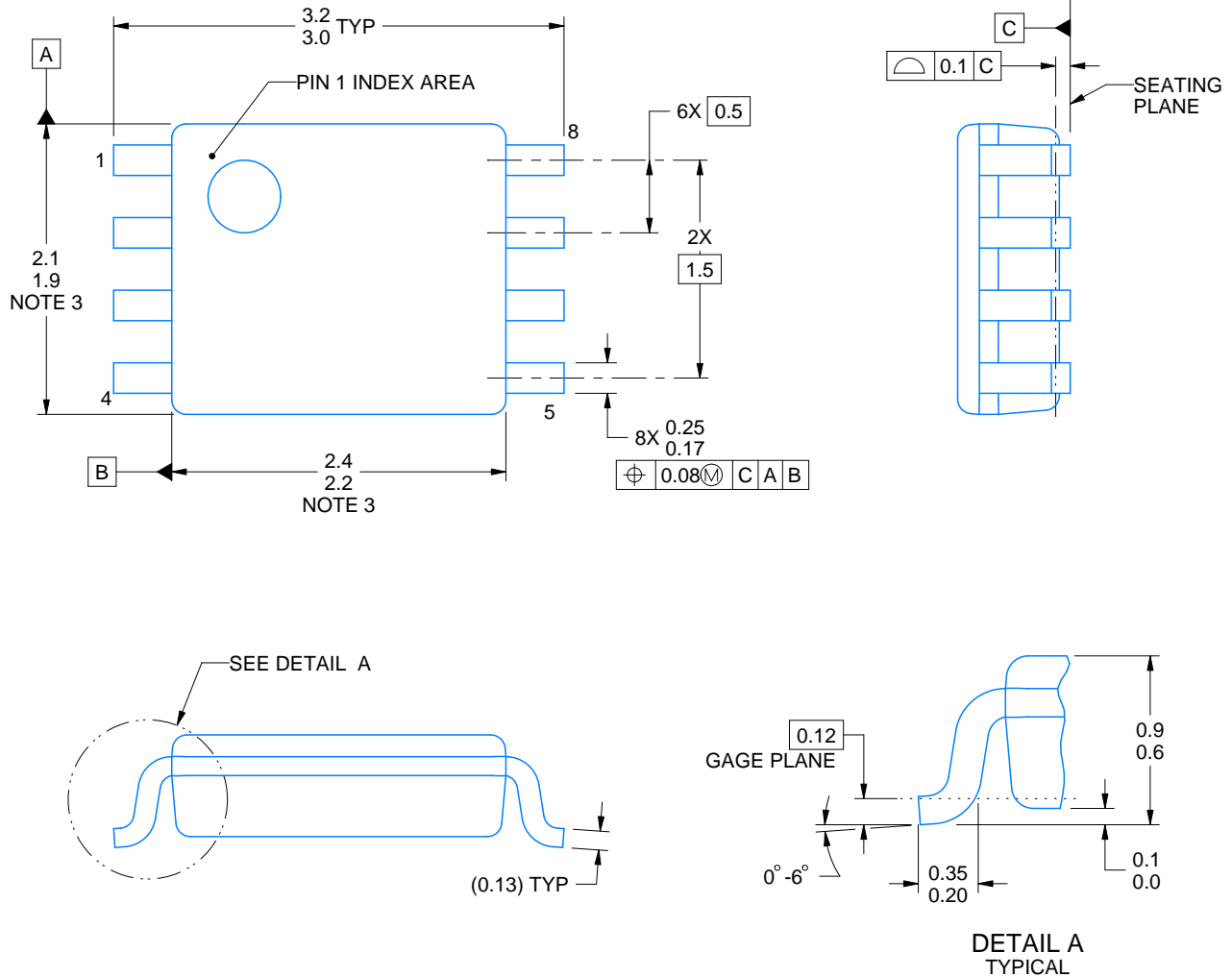
YZT (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



4225266/A 09/2014

NOTES:

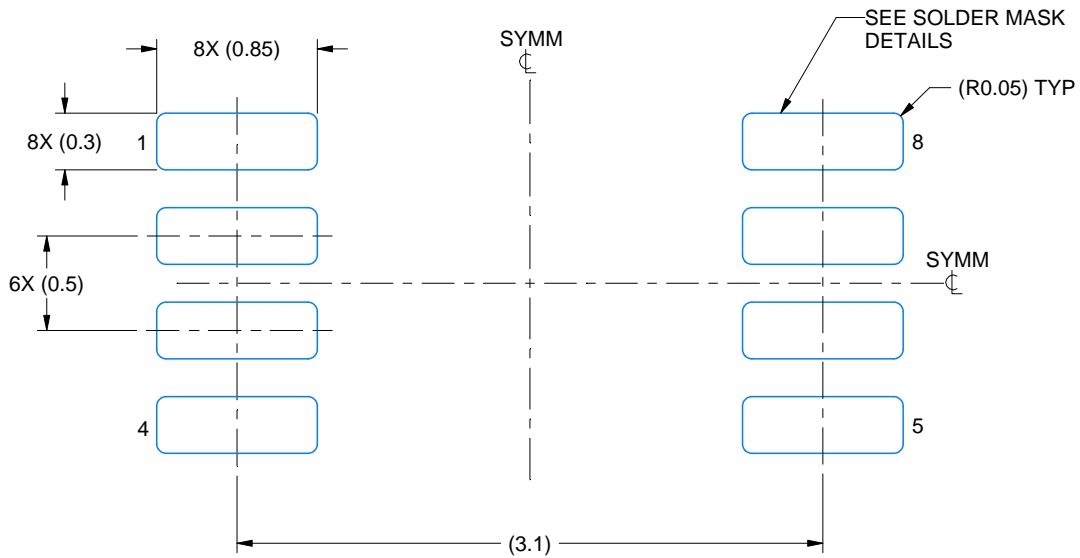
1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 mm per side.
4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-187 variation CA.

EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT

DCU0008A

VSSOP - 0.9 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE: 25X



4225266/A 09/2014

NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN

DCU0008A

VSSOP - 0.9 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 mm THICK STENCIL
SCALE: 25X

4225266/A 09/2014

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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