

TPS22919-Q1 5.5V、1.5A、90mΩ 自己保護ロード・スイッチ

1 特長

- 車載アプリケーションに対応
- AEC-Q100認定済み
 - デバイス温度グレード 1:動作時周囲温度範囲
–40°C~125°C
- 入力動作電圧範囲 (V_{IN}):
1.6V~5.5V
- 最大連続電流 (I_{MAX}): 1.5A
- オン抵抗 (R_{ON})
 - 5V_{IN}: 89mΩ (標準値)
 - 3.6V_{IN}: 90mΩ (標準値)
 - 1.8V_{IN}: 105mΩ (標準値)
- 出力短絡保護 (I_{SC}): 3A (標準値)
- 低消費電力
 - オン状態 (I_Q): 8μA (標準値)
 - オフ状態 (I_{SD}): 2nA (標準値)
- ON ピンのスマート・プルダウン (R_{PD})
 - ON ≥ V_{IH} (I_{ON}): 100nA (最大値)
 - ON ≤ V_{IL} (R_{PD}): 530kΩ (標準値)
- 低速のターンオン・タイミングによる突入電流制限 (t_{ON})
 - 5.0V のターンオン時間 (t_{ON}):
3.2mV/μs で 1.95ms
 - 3.6V のターンオン時間 (t_{ON}):
2.7mV/μs で 1.75ms
 - 1.8V のターンオン時間 (t_{ON}):
1.8mV/μs で 1.5ms
- 出力放電および立ち下がり時間を変更可能

– 内部 QOD 抵抗 = 24Ω (標準値)

2 アプリケーション

- インフォテインメントおよびクラスタ・ヘッド・ユニット
- 車載クラスタ・ディスプレイ
- ADAS サラウンド・ビュー・システムの ECU
- ボディ・コントロール・モジュールおよびゲートウェイ

3 概要

TPS22919-Q1 は、スルー・レート制御機能付きの小型シングル・チャンネル負荷スイッチです。このデバイスは、1.6V~5.5Vの入力電圧範囲で動作でき、最大1.5Aの連続電流をサポートできるNチャンネルMOSFETを内蔵しています。

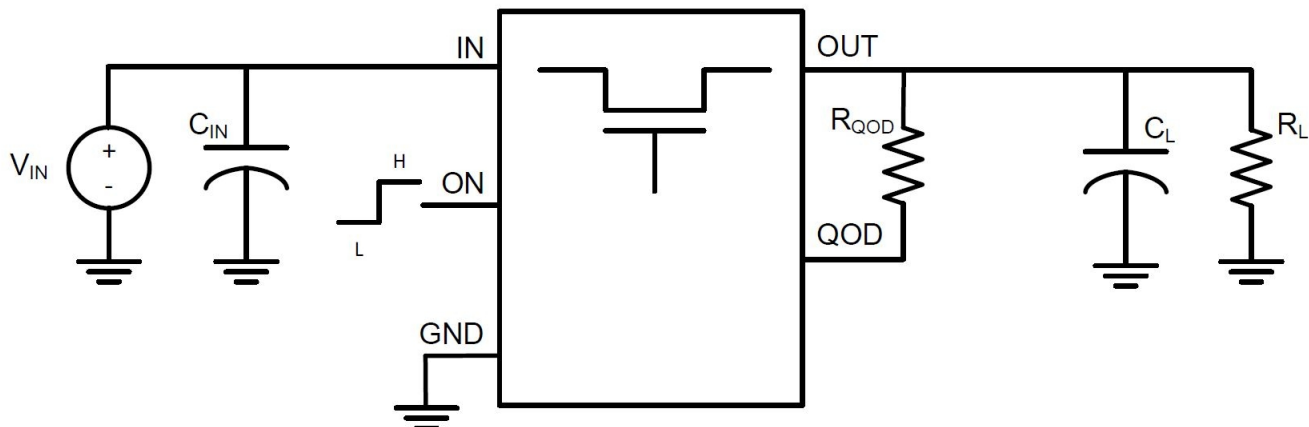
スイッチのオン状態はデジタル入力により制御され、この入力は低電圧の制御信号と直接接続できます。電源が最初に印加されたときには、スマート・プルダウンを使用して、システムのシーケンシングが完了するまで、ONピンがフローティング状態になることが防止されます。ピンが意図的にHIGH (> V_{IH})に駆動されると、不必要な電力損失を避けるため、スマート・プルダウンは切断されます。

製品情報⁽¹⁾

型番	パッケージ	本体サイズ(公称)
TPS22919-Q1	SC-70 (6)	2.1mm×2.0mm

(1) 提供されているすべてのパッケージについては、巻末の注文情報を参照してください。

概略回路図



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4 改訂履歴

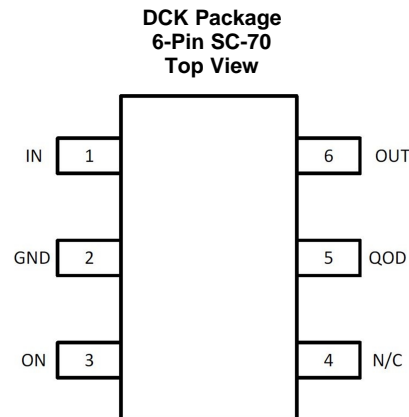
日付	リビジョン	注
2020 年 1 月	*	初版

5 概要 (続き)

また、TPS22919-Q1 負荷スイッチには自己保護機能があり、デバイスの出力が短絡した場合も自身を保護できます。サーマル・シャットダウン機能もあり、過熱による損傷を防止します。

TPS22919-Q1 は標準の SC-70 パッケージで供給され、 -40°C ～ 125°C の接合部温度範囲で動作が規定されています。

6 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	IN	I	Switch input.
2	GND	—	Device ground.
3	ON	I	Active high switch control input. Do not leave floating.
4	NC	—	No connect pin, leave floating.
5	QOD	O	Quick Output Discharge pin. This functionality can be enabled in one of three ways. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Placing an external resistor between VOUT and QOD • Tying QOD directly to VOUT and using the internal resistor value (R_{PD}) • Disabling QOD by leaving pin floating See the Fall Time (t_{FALL}) and Quick Output Discharge (QOD) section for more information.
6	VOUT	O	Switch output.

7 Specifications

7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Maximum Input Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V _{OUT}	Maximum Output Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V _{ON}	Maximum ON Pin Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
V _{QOD}	Maximum QOD Pin Voltage Range	-0.3	6	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum Continuous Current		1.5	A
I _{PLS}	Maximum Pulsed Current (2 ms, 2% Duty Cycle)		2.5	A
T _J	Junction temperature	Internally Limited		°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Maximum Lead Temperature (10 s soldering time)		300	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Rating* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Condition*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per AEC Q100-002 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
		Charged device model (CDM), per AEC Q100-011	±1000	

(1) AEC Q100-002 indicates that HBM stressing shall be in accordance with the ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 specification.

7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input Voltage Range	1.6		5.5	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage Range	0		5.5	V
V _{IH}	ON Pin High Voltage Range	1		5.5	V
V _{IL}	ON Pin Low Voltage Range	0		0.35	V
T _A	Ambient Temperature	-40		125	°C

7.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		TPS22919-Q1	UNIT
		DCK (SC-70)	
		PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	214.2	°C/W
R _{θJC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	147.6	°C/W
R _{θJB}	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	75.2	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	58.5	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	75.0	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

7.5 Electrical Characteristics

Typical values at V_{IN} = 3.6V unless otherwise specified

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _J	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Supply (VIN)						

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

 Typical values at $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ unless otherwise specified

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T_J	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
$I_{Q, VIN}$	VIN Quiescent Current	$V_{ON} \geq V_{IH}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{Open}$	25°C	8	15		μA	
			-40°C to 125°C			20	μA	
$I_{SD, VIN}$	VIN Shutdown Current	$V_{ON} \leq V_{IL}$, $V_{OUT} = \text{GND}$	25°C	2	20		nA	
			-40°C to 125°C			800	nA	
ON-Resistance (RON)								
R_{ON}	ON-State Resistance	$I_{OUT} = -200 \text{ mA}$	$V_{IN} = 5 \text{ V}$	25°C	89	125	m Ω	
				-40°C to 85°C			150	m Ω
				-40°C to 105°C			175	m Ω
				-40°C to 125°C			200	m Ω
			$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	25°C	90	150	m Ω	
				-40°C to 85°C			200	m Ω
				-40°C to 105°C			225	m Ω
				-40°C to 125°C			250	m Ω
			$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$	25°C	105	300	m Ω	
				-40°C to 85°C			330	m Ω
				-40°C to 105°C			340	m Ω
				-40°C to 125°C			350	m Ω
Output Short Protection (ISC)								
I_{SC}	Short Circuit Current Limit	$V_{OUT} \leq V_{IN} - 1.5 \text{ V}$	-40°C to 125°C	3			A	
		$V_{OUT} \leq V_{SC}$	-40°C to 125°C	30	500	900	mA	
V_{SC}	Output Short Detection Threshold	$V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$	-40°C to 125°C	0.3	0.36	0.46	V	
t_{SC}	Output Short Reponse Time	$V_{IN} = 1.6V \text{ to } 5.5V$, 10m Ω short applied	-40°C to 125°C	2			μs	
T_{SD}	Thermal Shutdown		Rising	180			°C	
			Falling	145			°C	
Enable Pin (ON)								
I_{ON}	ON Pin Leakage	$V_{ON} \geq V_{IH}$	-40°C to 125°C			100	nA	
$R_{PD, ON}$	Smart Pull Down Resistance	$V_{ON} \leq V_{IL}$	-40°C to 125°C			530	k Ω	
Quick-output Discharge (QOD)								
$R_{PD, QOD}$	QOD Pin Internal Discharge Resistance	$V_{ON} \leq V_{IL}$	-40°C to 125°C			24	Ω	

7.6 Switching Characteristics

 Unless otherwise noted, the typical characteristics in the following table apply to an input voltage of 3.6V, an ambient temperature of 25°C, and a load of $C_L = 0.1 \mu F$, $R_L = 100 \Omega$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{ON}	Turn ON Time	$V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		1950		μs
		$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$		1750		μs
		$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$		1500		μs
t_R	Output Rise Time	$V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		1280		μs
		$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$		1100		μs
		$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$		750		μs
SR_{ON}	Turn ON Slew Rate	$V_{IN} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		3.2		mV/ μs
		$V_{IN} = 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.7		mV/ μs
		$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V}$		1.8		mV/ μs
t_{OFF}	Turn OFF Time	$V_{IN} = 1.8 \text{ V to } 5.0V$		6		μs
						$R_L = 100\Omega, C_L = 0.1\mu F$

Switching Characteristics (continued)

Unless otherwise noted, the typical characteristics in the following table apply to an input voltage of 3.6V, an ambient temperature of 25°C, and a load of $C_L = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$, $R_L = 100 \Omega$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{FALL}	Output Fall Time (1)	$R_L = 100\Omega$	$C_L = 0.1\mu\text{F}$, $R_{\text{QOD}} = \text{Short}$		10		μs
		$R_L = \text{Open}$ (2)	$C_L = 10\mu\text{F}$, $R_{\text{QOD}} = \text{Short}$		0.4		ms
			$C_L = 10\mu\text{F}$, $R_{\text{QOD}} = 100 \Omega$		3.5		ms
			$C_L = 100\mu\text{F}$, $R_{\text{QOD}} = \text{Short}$		4		ms

(1) Output may not discharge completely if QOD is not connected to VOUT

(2) See the *Timing Application* section for information on how R_L and C_L affect Fall Time.

7.7 Typical Characteristics

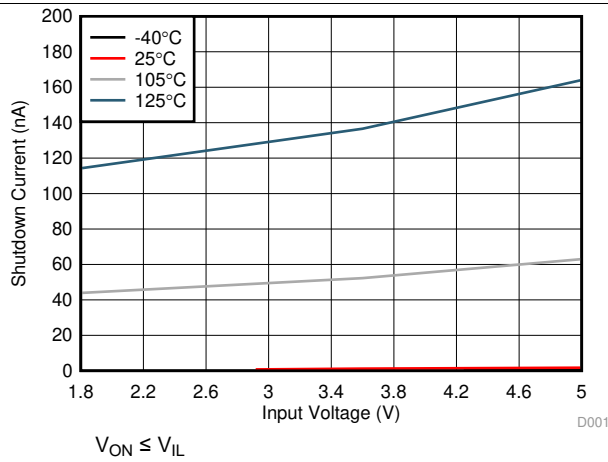


Figure 1. Shutdown Current vs Input Voltage

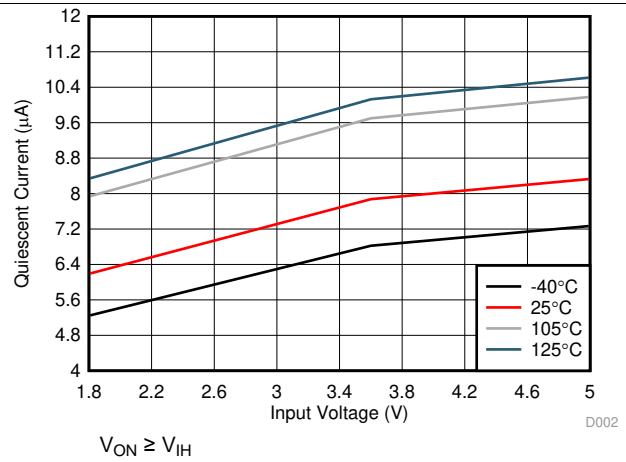


Figure 2. Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage

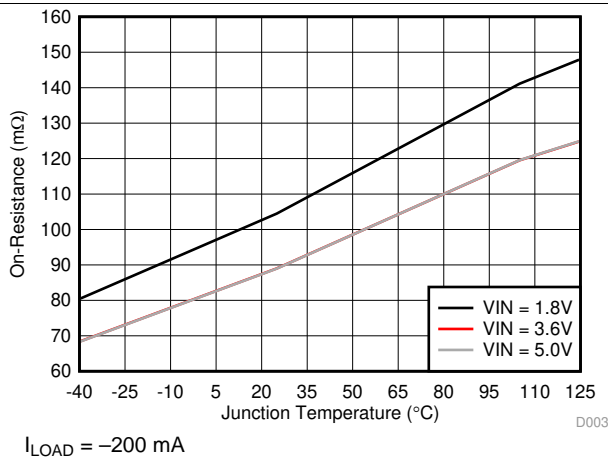


Figure 3. On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

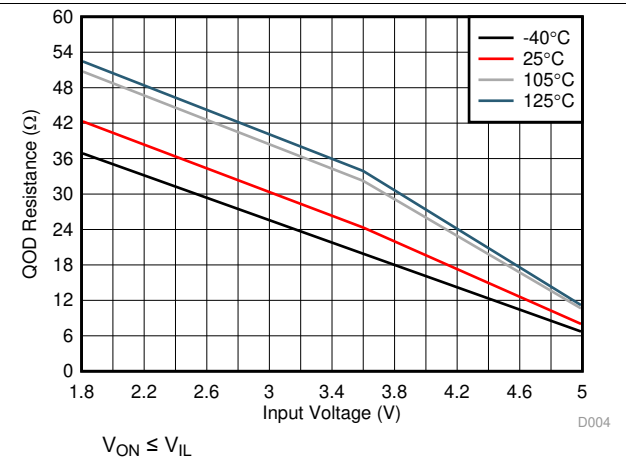


Figure 4. QOD Resistance vs Input Voltage

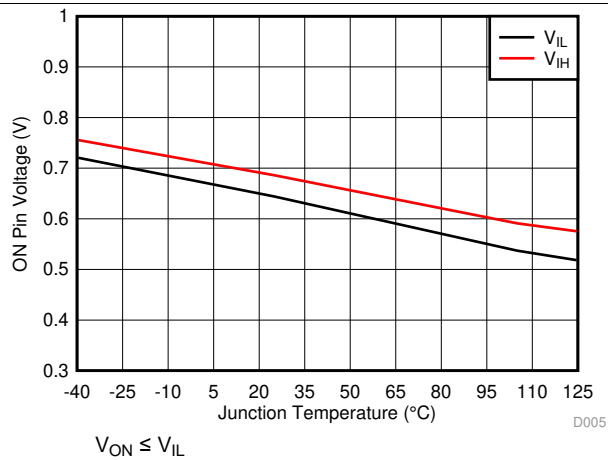


Figure 5. V_{IH}/V_{IL} vs Junction Temperature

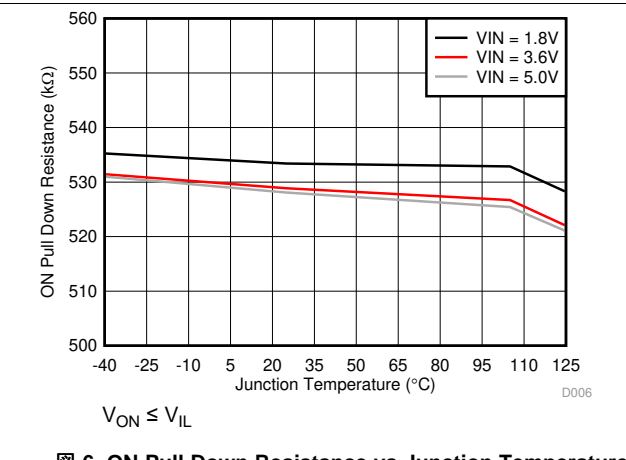


Figure 6. ON Pull Down Resistance vs Junction Temperature

Typical Characteristics (continued)

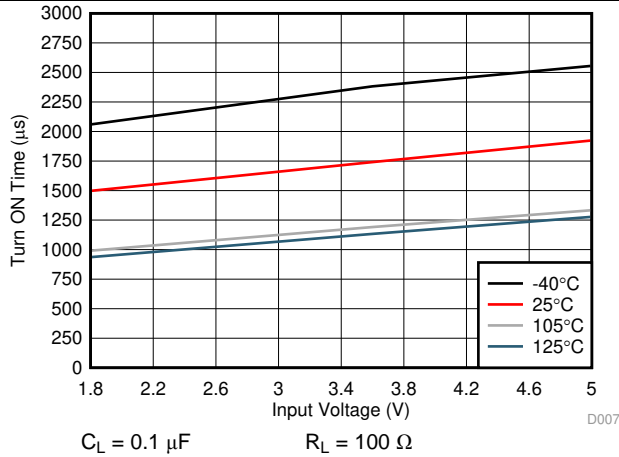


Fig 7. Turn ON Time vs Input Voltage

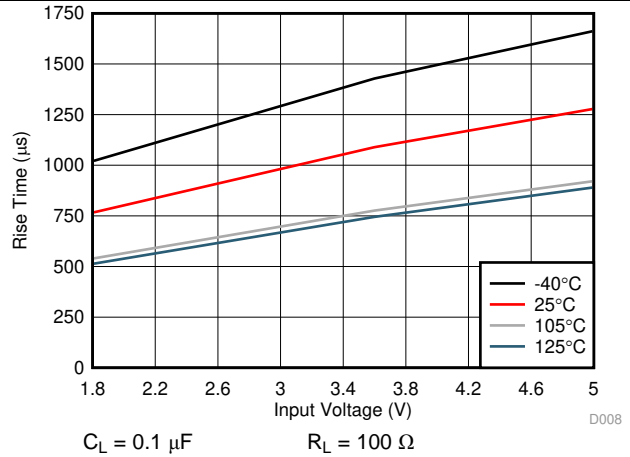


Fig 8. Rise Time vs Input Voltage

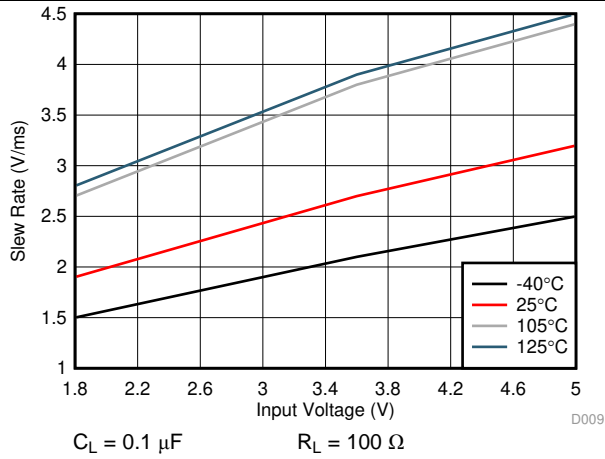


Fig 9. Output Slew Rate vs Input Voltage

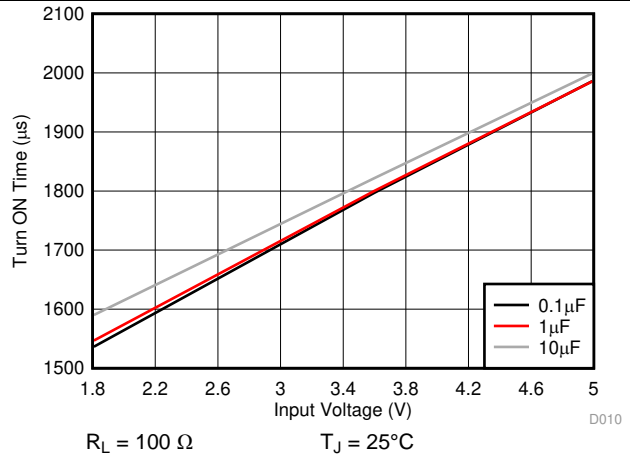


Fig 10. Turn ON Time vs Input Voltage Across Load Capacitance

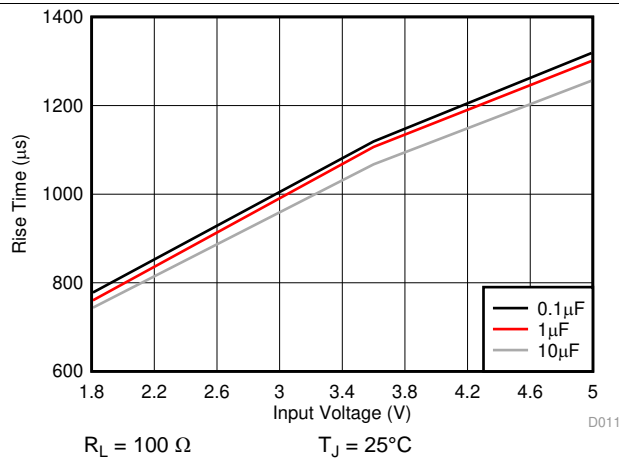


Fig 11. Rise Time vs Input Voltage Across Load Capacitance

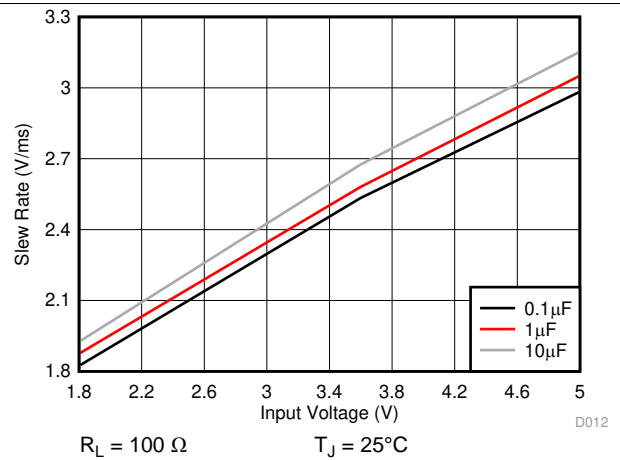
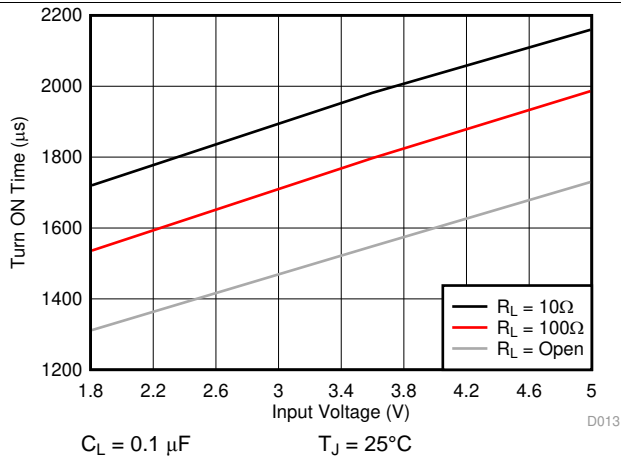


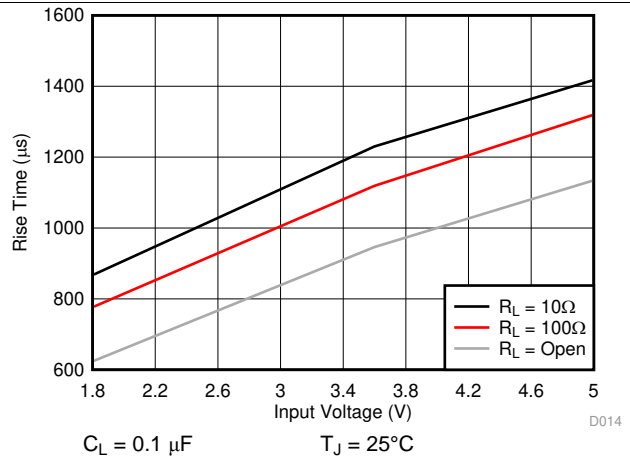
Fig 12. Slew Rate vs Input Voltage Across Load Capacitance

ADVANCE INFORMATION

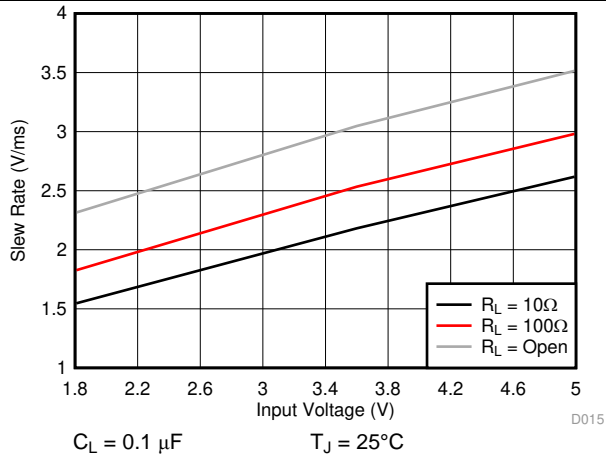
Typical Characteristics (continued)



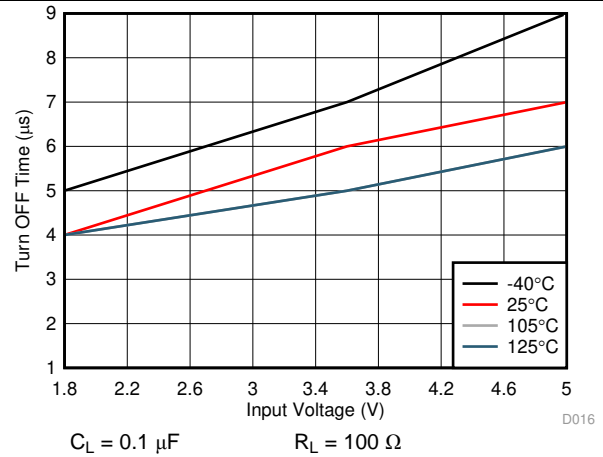
13. Turn ON Time vs Input Voltage Across Load Resistance



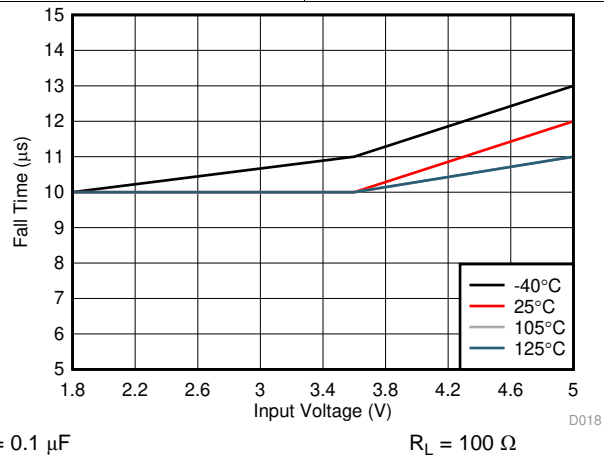
14. Rise Time vs Input Voltage Across Load Resistance



15. Output Slew Rate vs Input Voltage Across Load Resistance



16. Turn OFF Time vs Input Voltage

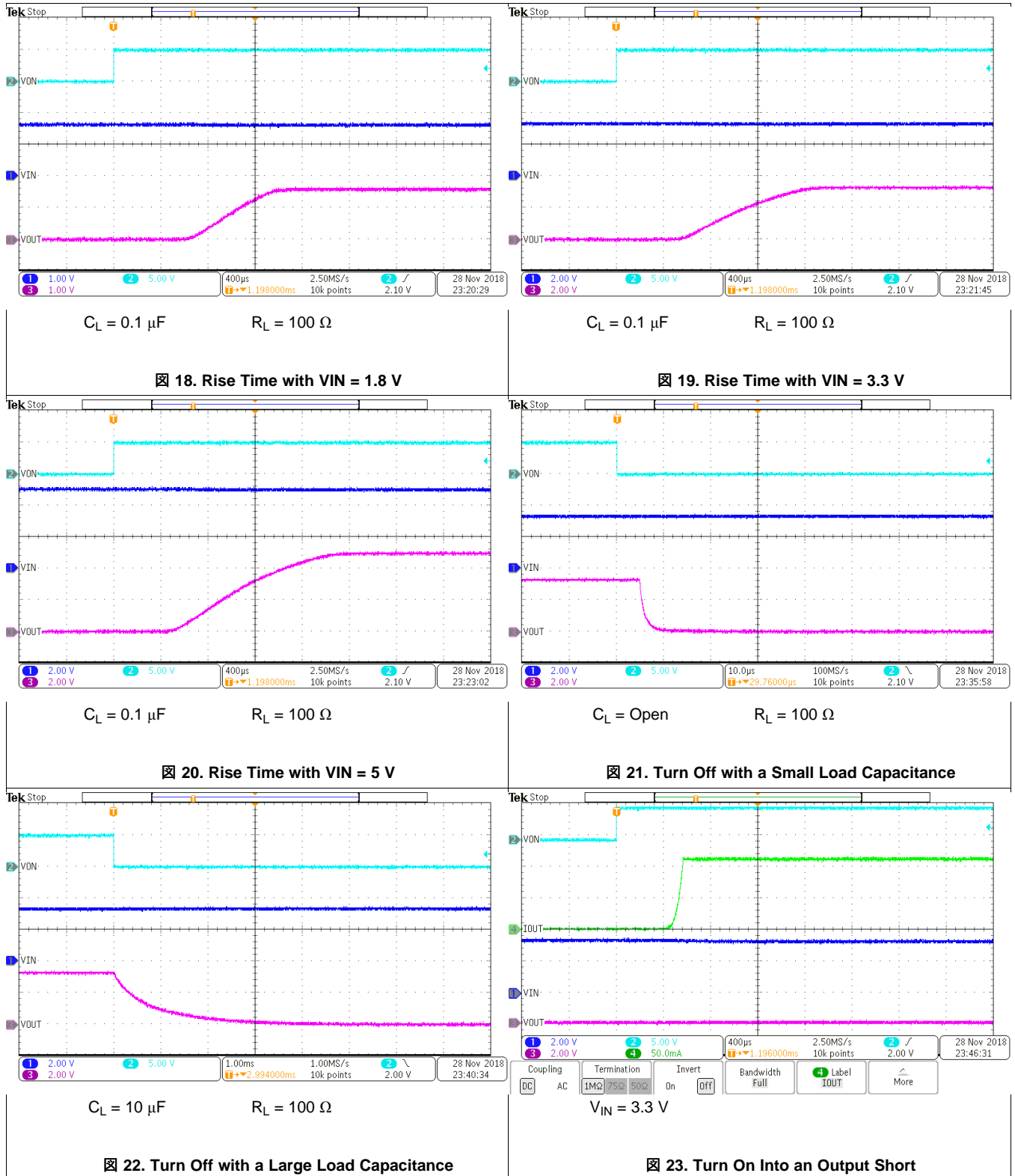


$C_L = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ $R_L = 100 \Omega$ $R_{PD,QOD} = \text{Short}$

17. Fall Time vs Input Voltage

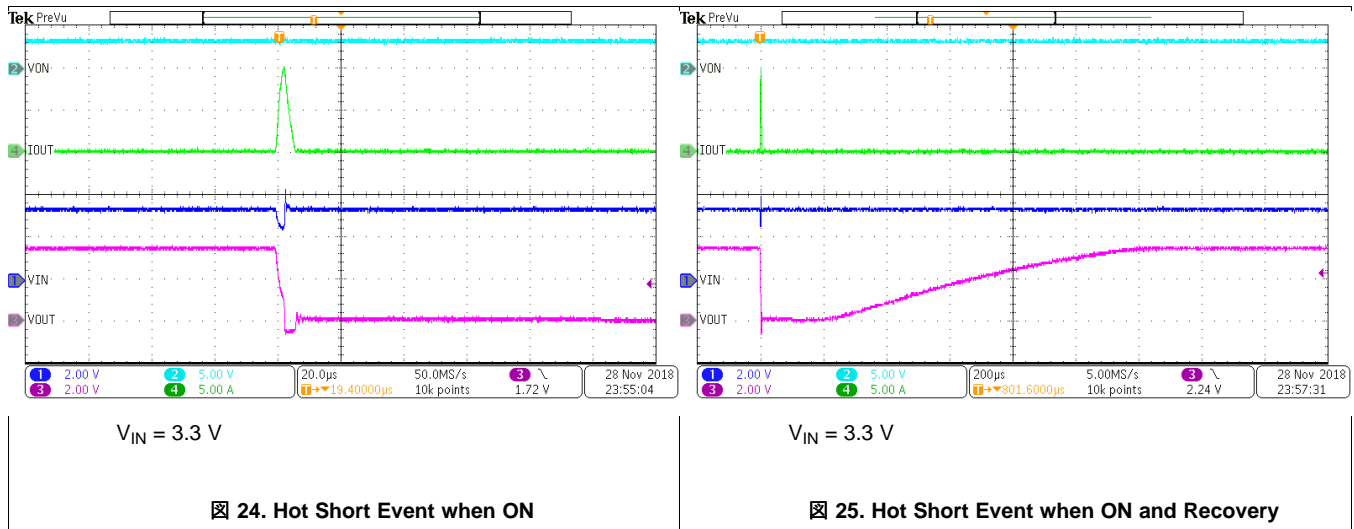
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Typical Characteristics (continued)



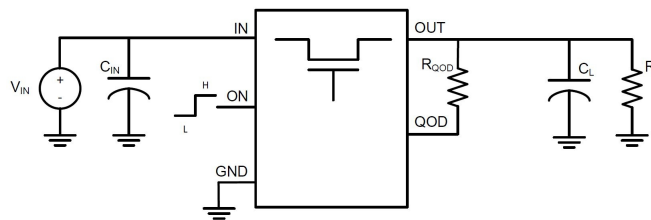
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Typical Characteristics (continued)



8 Parameter Measurement Information

8.1 Test Circuit and Timing Waveforms Diagrams



- (1) Rise and fall times of the control signal are 100 ns
- (2) Turn-off times and fall times are dependent on the time constant at the load. For the TPS22919-Q1 devices, the internal pull-down resistance QOD is enabled when the switch is disabled. The time constant is $(R_{QOD} + R_{PD,QOD} \parallel R_L) \times C_L$.

Figure 26. Test Circuit

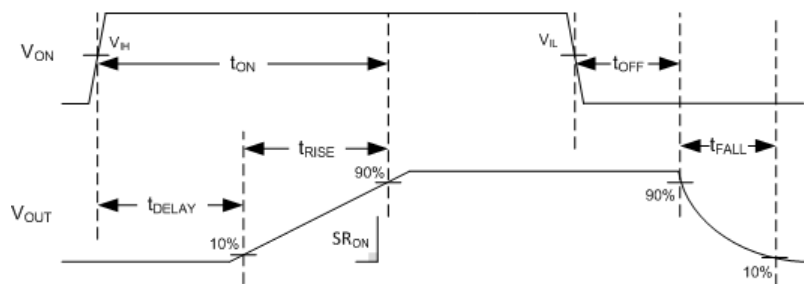


Figure 27. Timing Waveforms

9 Detailed Description

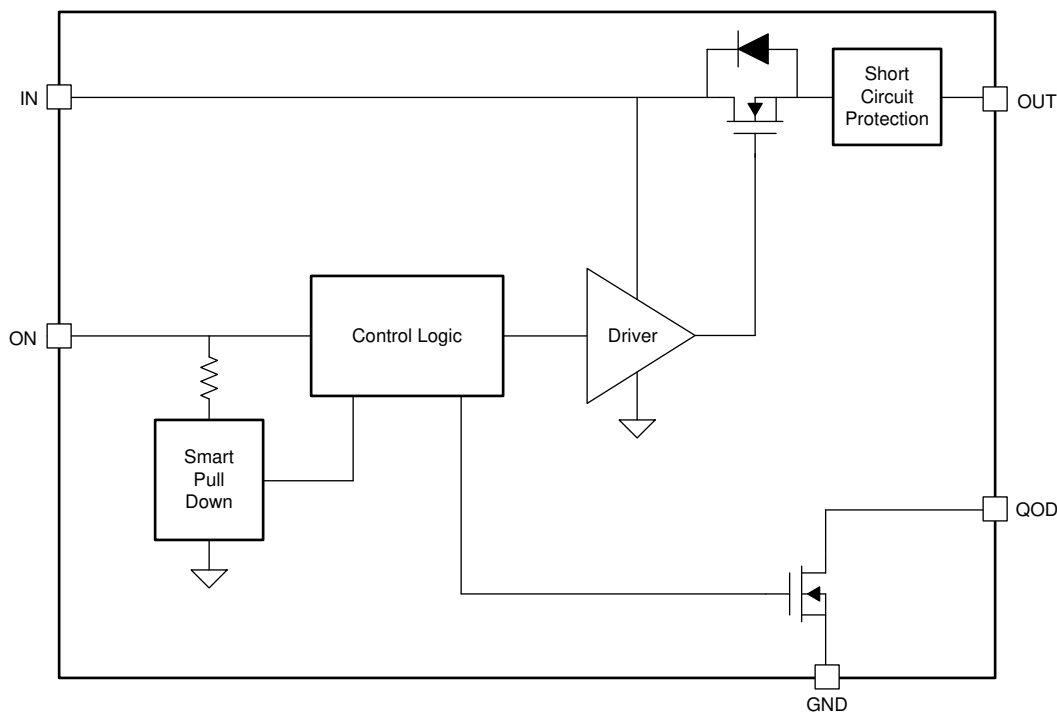
9.1 Overview

The TPS22919-Q1 device is a 5.5-V, 1.5-A load switch in a 6-pin SOT-23 package. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high current rails, the device implements a low resistance N-channel MOSFET which reduces the drop out voltage across the device.

The TPS22919-Q1 device has a slow slew rate which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop because of large inrush currents. Furthermore, the device features a QOD pin, which allows the configuration of the discharge rate of VOUT once the switch is disabled. During shutdown, the device has very low leakage currents, thereby reducing unnecessary leakages for downstream modules during standby. Integrated control logic, driver, charge pump, and output discharge FET eliminates the need for any external components which reduces solution size and bill of materials (BOM) count.

The TPS22919-Q1 load switch is also self-protected, meaning that it will protect itself from short circuit events on the output of the device. It also has thermal shutdown to prevent any damage from overheating.

9.2 Functional Block Diagram



ADVANCE INFORMATION

9.3 Feature Description

9.3.1 On and Off Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold so it can be used in a wide variety of applications. When power is first applied to VIN, a Smart Pull Down is used to keep the ON pin from floating until the system sequencing is complete. Once the ON pin is deliberately driven high ($\geq V_{IH}$), the Smart Pull Down is disconnected to prevent unnecessary power loss. See 表 1 when the ON Pin Smart Pull Down is active.

表 1. Smart-ON Pull Down

VON	Pull Down
$\leq V_{IL}$	Connected
$\geq V_{IH}$	Disconnected

9.3.2 Output Short Circuit Protection (I_{SC})

The device will limit current to the output in case of output shorts. When a short occurs, the large VIN to VOUT voltage drop causes the switch to limit the output current (I_{SC}) within (t_{SC}). When the output is below the hard short threshold (V_{SC}), a lower limit is used to minimize the power dissipation while the fault is present. The device will continue to limit the current until it reaches its thermal shutdown temperature. At this time, the device will turn off until its temperature has lowered by the thermal hysteresis (35°C typical) before turning on again.

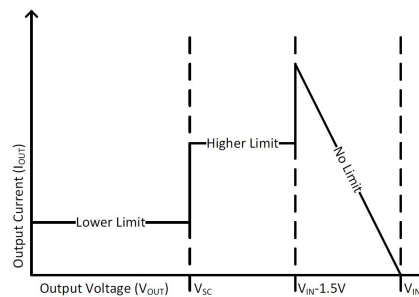


图 28. Output Short Circuit Current Limit

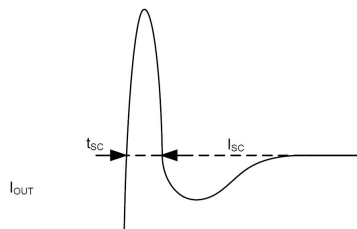


图 29. Output Short Circuit Response

9.3.3 Fall Time (t_{FALL}) and Quick Output Discharge (QOD)

The TPS22919-Q1 device includes a QOD pin that can be configured in one of three ways:

- QOD pin shorted to VOUT pin. Using this method, the discharge rate after the switch becomes disabled is controlled with the value of the internal resistance QOD ($R_{PD,QOD}$).
- QOD pin connected to VOUT pin using an external resistor R_{QOD} . After the switch becomes disabled, the discharge rate is controlled by the value of the total discharge resistance. To adjust the total discharge resistance, 式 1 can be used:

$$R_{DIS} = R_{PD,QOD} + R_{QOD}$$

Where:

- R_{DIS} = Total output discharge resistance (Ω)

- $R_{PD,QOD}$ = Internal pulldown resistance (Ω)
- R_{QOD} = External resistance placed between the VOUT and QOD pins (Ω) (1)
- QOD pin is unused and left floating. Using this method, there will be no quick output discharge functionality, and the output will remain floating after the switch is disabled.

The fall times of the device depend on many factors including the total discharge resistance (R_{DIS}) and the output capacitance (C_L). To calculate the approximate fall time of V_{OUT} use 式 2.

$$t_{FALL} = 2.2 \times (R_{DIS} \parallel R_L) \times C_L$$

Where:

- t_{FALL} = Output Fall Time from 90% to 10% (μs)
- R_{DIS} = Total QOD + R_{QOD} Resistance (Ω)
- R_L = Output Load Resistance (Ω)
- C_L = Output Load Capacitance (μF) (2)

9.3.3.1 QOD When System Power is Removed

The adjustable QOD can be used to control the power down sequencing of a system even when the system power supply is removed. When the power is removed, the input capacitor discharges at V_{IN} . Past a certain V_{IN} level, the strength of the R_{PD} will be reduced. If there is still remaining charge on the output capacitor, this will result in longer fall times. For further information regarding this condition, see the [Setting Fall Time for Shutdown Power Sequencing](#) section.

9.4 Device Functional Modes

表 2 describes the connection of the VOUT pin depending on the state of the ON pin as well as the various QOD pin configurations.

表 2. VOUT Connection

ON	QOD CONFIGURATION	TPS22919-Q1 VOUT
L	QOD pin connected to VOUT with R_{QOD}	GND ($R_{PD, QOD} + R_{QOD}$)
L	QOD pin tied to VOUT directly	GND ($R_{PD, QOD}$)
L	QOD pin left open	Floating
H	N/A	VIN

10 Application and Implementation

注

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

10.1 Application Information

This section highlights some of the design considerations when implementing this device in various applications.

10.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22919-Q1 devices can be used to power downstream modules.

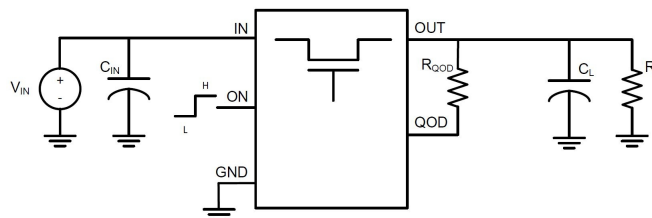


图 30. Typical Application Schematic

10.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the values listed in 表 3 as the design parameters:

表 3. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
Input Voltage (V_{IN})	3.6 V
Load Current / Resistance (R_L)	1 k Ω
Load Capacitance (C_L)	47 μ F
Minimum Fall Time (t_F)	40 ms
Maximum Inrush Current (I_{RUSH})	150 mA

10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

10.2.2.1 Limiting Inrush Current

Use 式 3 to find the maximum slew rate value to limit inrush current for a given capacitance:

$$(\text{Slew Rate}) = I_{\text{RUSH}} \div C_L$$

where

- I_{INRUSH} = maximum acceptable inrush current (mA)
 - C_L = capacitance on VOUT (μF)
 - Slew Rate = Output Slew Rate during turn on ($\text{mV}/\mu\text{s}$)
- (3)

Based on 式 3, the required slew rate to limit the inrush current to 150 mA is $3.2 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}$. The TPS22919-Q1 has a slew rate of $2.3 \text{ mV}/\mu\text{s}$, so the inrush current will be below 150 mA.

10.2.2.2 Setting Fall Time for Shutdown Power Sequencing

Microcontrollers and processors often have a specific shutdown sequence in which power must be removed. Using the adjustable Quick Output Discharge function of the TPS22919-Q1 device, adding a load switch to each power rail can be used to manage the power down sequencing. To determine the QOD values for each load switch, first confirm the power down order of the device you wish to power sequence. Be sure to check if there are voltage or timing margins that must be maintained during power down.

Once the required fall time is determined, the maximum external discharge resistance (R_{DIS}) value can be found using 式 2:

$$t_{\text{FALL}} = 2.2 \times (R_{\text{DIS}} \parallel R_L) \times C_L \tag{4}$$

$$R_{\text{DIS}} = 630 \Omega \tag{5}$$

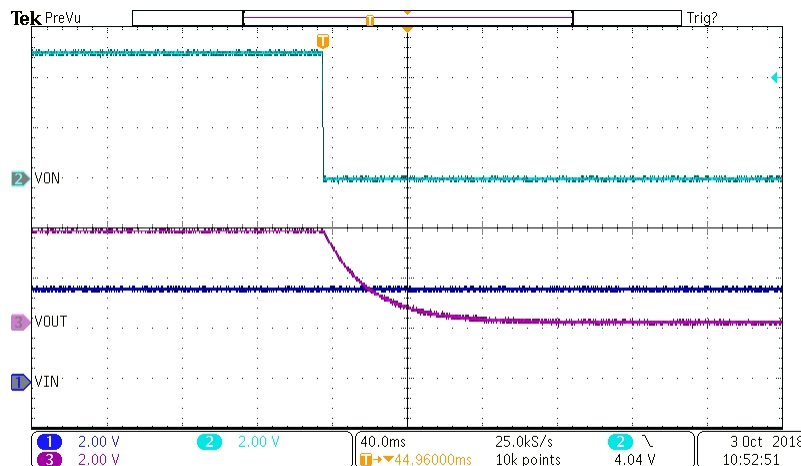
式 1 can then be used to calculate the R_{QOD} resistance needed to achieve a particular discharge value:

$$R_{\text{DIS}} = \text{QOD} + R_{\text{QOD}} \tag{6}$$

$$R_{\text{QOD}} = 600 \Omega \tag{7}$$

To ensure a fall time greater than, choose an R_{QOD} value greater than 600Ω .

10.2.2.3 Application Curves



A.

$$C_L = 47\mu\text{F}$$

图 31. Fall Time ($R_{\text{QOD}} = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$)

11 Power Supply Recommendations

The device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 1.6 V to 5.5 V. The VIN power supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible. The power supply must be able to withstand all transient load current steps. In most situations, using an input capacitance (C_{IN}) of 1 μ F is sufficient to prevent the supply voltage from dipping when the switch is turned on. In cases where the power supply is slow to respond to a large transient current or large load current step, additional bulk capacitance may be required on the input.

12 Layout

12.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances may have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects.

12.2 Layout Example

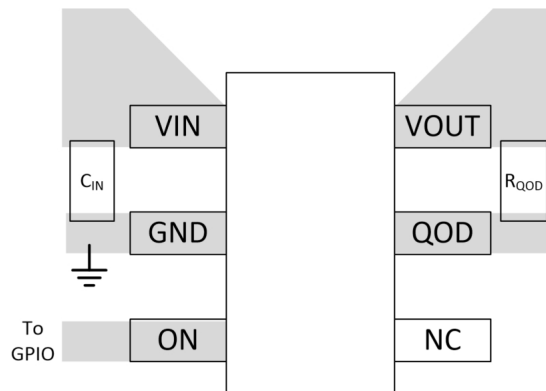


图 32. Recommended Board Layout

12.3 Thermal Considerations

The maximum IC junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. To calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$ for a given output current and ambient temperature, use 式 8:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}}$$

where

- $P_{D(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable power dissipation
- $T_{J(MAX)}$ = maximum allowable junction temperature (125°C for the TPS22919-Q1 devices)
- T_A = ambient temperature of the device
- θ_{JA} = junction to air thermal impedance. Refer to the Thermal Parameters table. This parameter is highly dependent upon board layout.

(8)

13 デバイスおよびドキュメントのサポート

13.1 商標

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13.2 静電気放電に関する注意事項



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13.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

14 メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文情報

以降のページには、メカニカル、パッケージ、および注文に関する情報が記載されています。この情報は、そのデバイスについて利用可能な最新のデータです。このデータは予告なく変更されることがあり、ドキュメントが改訂される場合もあります。本データシートのブラウザ版を使用されている場合は、画面左側の説明をご覧ください。

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22919QDCKRQ1	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	1H2	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE


*All dimensions are nominal

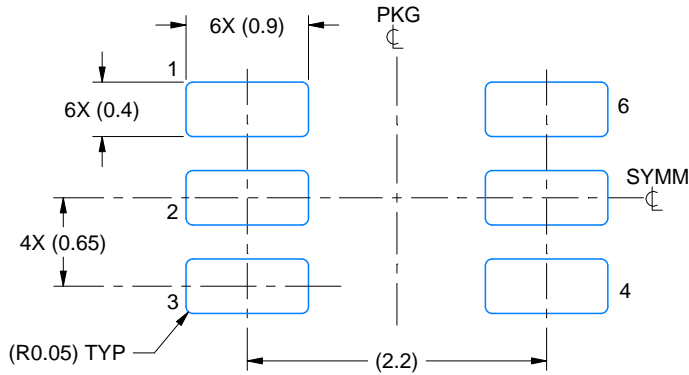
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22919QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	6	3000	178.0	9.0	2.4	2.5	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS

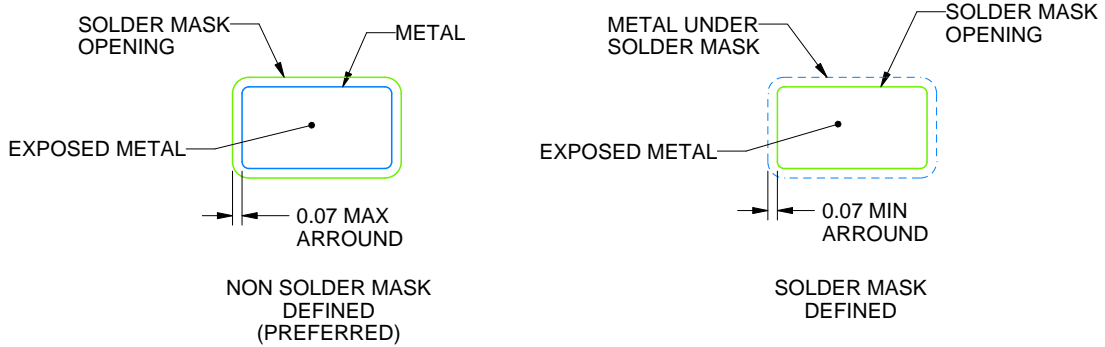


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22919QDCKRQ1	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	180.0	18.0



LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE
EXPOSED METAL SHOWN
SCALE:18X

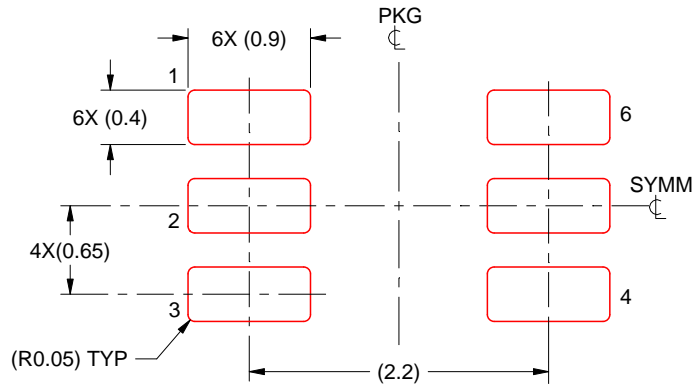


SOLDER MASK DETAILS

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

- 5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.
- 6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SOLDER PASTE EXAMPLE
BASED ON 0.125 THICK STENCIL
SCALE:18X

4214835/D 11/2024

NOTES: (continued)

7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.

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